

Stelselcatalogus	
Summary	
<b>ID</b>	NL01
<b>Initiative</b>	System of Base Registrations
<b>Short description</b>	Stelselcatalogus is an online catalogue of definitions of all concepts that are included in the Dutch base registers and related legislation. The catalogue presents the available (authentic) data and concepts of the base registers to the relevant stakeholders (Lawyers, civil servants, citizens and companies).
<b>Owner</b>	Dutch government (Netherlands)
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<b>Type</b>	Service
<b>Sub-Type</b>	Operational application
<b>Context</b>	Cross-border, Cross-sector
<b>Base Registry type</b>	All
<b>Operating model</b>	Stelselcatalogus is available as an online catalogue, as well as a Linked Open Data Store, and therefore is accessible to everyone. The catalogue contains authentic data, concepts and facts from the Dutch base registers. Based on the data of Stelselcatalogus, users are able to define whether concepts and (authentic) data of the base registers are relevant for their own work processes.
<b>IPR</b>	Not Available/Not Found
<b>Status</b>	Operational
More details	
<b>Aggregated business need</b>	ABN – 1 Need for common understanding of data entities ABN – 10 Need for services supporting data exchange
<b>Functionalities</b>	<p>The purpose of Stelselcatalogus is to better define metadata elements and document how they are used by Dutch administrations. This should lead to an increased harmonisation and use of the data and concepts of base registers. It helps the Dutch government to abide to a principle of 'single registration, multiple usage'. This means that organisations have to re-use data (comply) or explain why data cannot be re-used.</p> <p>The system catalogue is part of the System of Base Registrations, which plays an important role in the data system of the government. Data from registers is the hub for multiple uses of data within the government. Due to the one-time collection of this data, it not only reduces the administrative burden for citizens and businesses, but simultaneously there are significant quality improvements and cost savings for the government itself. The system includes 13 Base registrations for collecting and disseminating qualitative good data on the areas of people, businesses, buildings, property, geographic base maps and addresses. The system catalogue is the primary source of information on the availability of data in the system and what these data is about (semantics and judicial).</p>

	<p>The system catalogue, enables to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply one-time registration and multiple use determines how data from the key registers in your own use workflows;</li> <li>• discussion and / or collaboration by starting (semantic) issues to discussion, which the system catalogue makes clear;</li> <li>• Fraud prevention by looking in the system catalogue, where information sharing takes place and may be able to tighten procedures.</li> </ul>
<b>Design/Architecture</b>	<p>A Base registry is ready if it meets the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The legislation setting mandatory use is regulated, is adopted;</li> <li>• The data collection is filled with at least use the legal data and kept up to date;</li> <li>• There is an operational facility for the provision of such data, all parties are obliged to make use of the data.</li> </ul> <p>There is a connection arrow between base records if a declining enrollment (identifying) characteristic of a delivery record in its own registration record is unprocessed. As all government organizations with a public function, the key registers are obliged to make use of authentic data from other registers.</p> <p>A connection is now ready (green) if it meets the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The declining entry fulfills the obligation to use authentic data from the supplier registration;</li> <li>• There is compliance with this obligation if the coverage of the use of authentic data from the supplier registration is over 95 percent;</li> <li>• The connection is kept up to date. Mutations of data is updated from the supplier registration in the declining enrollment.</li> </ul> <p><b>GBA</b>→ The Municipal Personal Records Database contains personal data of everyone who lives in the Netherlands or has lived in the Netherlands. The GBA is succeeded by the BRP.</p> <p><b>BRP</b> → All municipalities connect in the context of the statutory duty. [Basic Registration of Personal Data]</p> <p><b>NHR</b>→ The Netherlands Commercial Register is the Base registration of companies and legal entities. The register also contains all other organisations that participate in economic transactions. The Commercial Register is the base registration of all legal entities and companies in Netherlands</p> <p><b>BAG</b>→ Base Registration of Addresses and Buildings.</p> <p><b>BRT</b>→ The Register Topography consists of digital topographic maps at different scales.</p> <p><b>BRK</b>→ The Key Register Cadastre (BRK) contains information on land, property, mortgages, limited rights (such as leasehold,</p>

building and usufruct) and pipe networks. In addition there are cadastral maps with parcel, parcel number, area, land border and the borders of the state, the provinces and municipalities.

**BRV**→ In the Base Vehicles data is recorded on vehicles and their owners. RDW provided from the registration (Road Transport) information to citizens and businesses. The data are available nationwide for government agencies, including the police and the tax authorities.

**BLAU**→ All municipalities comply with the statutory duty still to be defined. [Base Registration of Wages, Labour Relations and Benefits] BLAU is intended for Basisregistratie Wages, Benefits and Labour and will partly be made up of the data of the current policy administration of UWV. UWV collects and manages data on wages, benefits and labor relations of all employees in the Netherlands. This information manages and collects UWV in a central administration, the policy administration. Currently, the Policy Administration is available, but this is not a base registration.

**BRI**→ In the Basic Income is around 13 million citizens aggregate income or taxable annual income. Government organizations use the BRI for determining bonuses, subsidies or benefits.

**WOZ**→ Valuation of Immovable Property. The data for the Key Register WOZ exists with authentic data "determined value " ( real estate value) also from the data necessary to relate these values to both a property as an interested party. For relating the real-property value to a property is on the one hand (a BAC address derived) designation of a property and also the link to cadastral parcels and / or addresses and BAC residence objects, places, berths and / or buildings. It is further committed to what interested the real- value of significance. The name and address of this party down partly by a relation to the GBA or the Commercial Register. There are also parties that are not recorded in any of these registrations.

**BGT** →All municipalities comply with the statutory duty still to be defined. [Base Registration Large-scale Topography] The Registration Large Scale Topography (BGT) is detailed scale digital map of the Netherlands. All physical objects such as buildings, roads, water and green down here unambiguously on.

**BRO**→ All municipalities comply with the statutory duty: connect in 2012. [Base Registration of Subsoil] The base registration Substrate (BRO) contains data on geological and soil structure and, where relevant for the use of natural resources in the ground, underground constructions and usage. The use of geological and soil data often takes place in the form of maps and profiles based on geological and soil models. These models are also part of the BRO.

	<b>RNI</b> →The Registration Non-residents records basic data of non-residents. Non-residents are people not living in the Netherlands who have a connection with the Dutch government. The RNI will be placed under the BRP.
<b>Technologies</b>	HTML, RDF/XML, SPARQL, Semi-Structured Data (CML Response Messages), Web Services (atop SaaS style hosted solutions).
<b>Specifications</b>	W3C LOD standard and the Dutch referential architecture called NORA.
<b>Management</b>	Ministry of the Interior
<b>Governance</b>	The content of Stelselcatalogus is maintained by Logius.
<b>Sustainability</b>	Not Available/Not Found
<b>Documentation</b>	<a href="https://logius.nl/diensten/stelselcatalogus">https://logius.nl/diensten/stelselcatalogus</a>
<b>ADMS</b>	Not Available/Not Found
<b>Current Users</b>	Not Available/Not Found
<b>EIRA</b>	
<b>View</b>	Organisational View
<b>Building Block</b>	Public Service
<b>Reusability</b>	
<b>Landscape</b>	
<b>Criteria</b>	