

Factsheet Poland

Main interoperability activities

Poland has drafted a National Interoperability Framework for which the approval by the Council of Ministers is foreseen in the near future. The document is a legislative document which enforces the interoperability concepts on the public administrations.

Summary of the NIF

The Polish NIF is created in the form of a regulation with 5 chapters.

The first chapter contains general provisions which highlight the scope of the regulation and a glossary with the used terminology.

The second chapter introduces the national interoperability framework and explains further what interoperability is on the different interoperability levels, how it can be achieved and what the goals and objectives are.

The third chapter gives an overview of the regulation for the minimum requirements for public records and information in electronic form.

The fourth chapter provides an overview of the regulation for the minimum requirements for communication systems.

And finally the fifth chapter deals with the transitional and final provisions of the regulation.

Furthermore 4 annexes are added to the regulation:

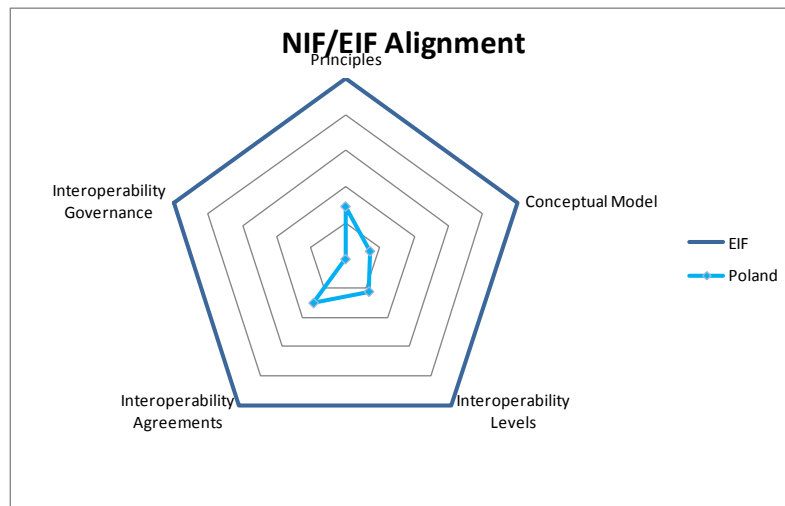
1. Identifiers of objects present in the architecture of public registers.
2. Data formats and standards to ensure access to information resources through ICT systems to perform public services.
3. Data formats processed by public services in read mode.
4. The requirements for ICT systems in regard for the disabled of the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG 2.0)¹ of W3C².

Alignment NIF/EIF

The Polish NIF is for all dimensions weakly aligned with the EIF.

¹ <http://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG/>

² <http://www.w3.org/>



The Polish NIF mentions the principles of inclusion and accessibility, administrative simplification, effectiveness and efficiency and partially the principle of technological neutrality and adaptability. The other principles are not observed in the regulation.

No conceptual model is observed in the regulation, only the enforcement of access and control mechanisms to ensure compliance to security and privacy legislation is mentioned.

The Polish NIF mentions explicitly 3 levels of interoperability: organisational, semantic and technical. The legislative level is not mentioned but the regulation refers to the applicable law and the NIF itself will have legal value after being approved.

On the dimension of interoperability agreements the regulation states that the public administrations have to take into account the existing standards and it gives also an overview of the minimum requirements for information security.

No interoperability governance is observed in the Polish NIF.

Other initiatives on interoperability

No other initiatives on interoperability have been communicated.

NIF responsables for Poland

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