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CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario v6.0.0

Fields marked with * are mandatory.

CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario v6.0.0

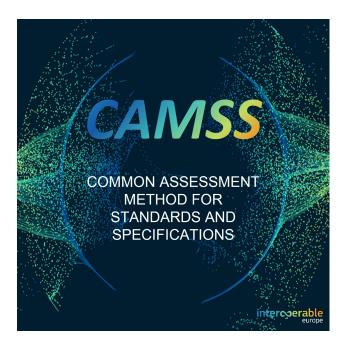


CAMSS

Release Date: 14/04/2023

Scenario Version: 6.0.0

INTRODUCTION



EIF Scenario

The European Interoperability Framework (EIF) provides guidance to public administrations on how to improve governance of their interoperability activities, establish cross-organisational relationships, streamline processes supporting end-to-end digital services, and ensure that existing and new legislation do not compromise interoperability efforts.

This CAMSS Scenario allows to assess the compliance of <u>interoperability specifications</u> with the EIF. The objective of the obtained assessment is to determine the suitability of the assessed interoperability specification for the delivery of interoperable European public services.

Background

<u>CAMSS</u> is the European guide for assessing and selecting standards and specifications for an eGovernment project, a reference when building an architecture, and an enabler for justifying the choice of standards and specifications in terms of interoperability needs and requirements. It is fully aligned with the European Standardisation Regulation 1025/2012.

The main objective of CAMSS is achieving interoperability and avoiding vendor lock-in by establishing a neutral and unbiased method for the assessment of technical specifications and standards in the field of ICT. This method will be compliant with Regulation 1025/2012 on European Standardisation.

While ICT solutions have specific characteristics at the political, legal, and organisational levels; semantic and technical interoperability are based mostly on technical specifications or standards. Within the context of the elaboration of their National Interoperability Frameworks, Member States organise the assessment of technical specifications or standards, in order to establish their national recommendations. Deciding on the recommended technical specifications or standards often calls for a resource-intensive and time-consuming assessment. In order to tackle this, the Digital Europe Programme (DEP) defines an action focused on the development of a common assessment method for standards and specifications (CAMSS).

The purpose of CAMSS is:

- to ensure that assessments of technical ICT specifications or standards and interoperability profiles are performed according to high and consistent standards;
- to ensure that assessments will contribute significantly to the confidence in the interoperability of systems implementing these specifications and profiles;
- to enable the reuse, in whole or in part, of such assessments;
- to continuously improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the assessment process for ICT technical specifications, standards, and interoperability profiles.

The expected benefits of the CAMSS are:

- Ensuring greater transparency throughout the selection of standards in the context of ICT strategies, architectures, and interoperability frameworks. This will be achieved through the establishment of a commonly agreed assessment method, assessment process, and a list of assessment attributes.
- Reducing resource and time requirements and avoiding duplication of efforts. (Partial) sharing of finalised assessments of standards and specifications.
- Allowing easier and faster assessments, and reusing the ones already performed through the creation and maintenance of a library of standards.

Your compliance level of the specification assessed depends on the scores you achieved in each section of the survey. Please see below the survey score conversion table below for guidance.

		Compliance Level			
Section	Ad-hoc	Opportunistic	Essential	Sustainable	Seamless
Principles setting the context for EU Actions on Interoperability	20	40	60	80	100
EIF Core Interoperability Principles	0 to 340	341 to 680	681 to 1020	1021 to 1360	1361 to 1700
EIF Principles Related to generic user needs and expectations	0 to 240	241 to 480	481 to 720	721 to 960	961 to 1200

EIF Foundation principles for cooperation among public administrations	0 to 100 101 to 200		201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500
EIF Interoperability Layers	0 to 200	201 to 400	401 to 600	601 to 800	801 to 1000

The following table shows the 'compliance levels' that a specification can reach depending on the assessment score.

Compliance Level	Description
Ad-hoc	Poor level of conformance with the EIF - The specification does not cover the requirements and recommendations set out by the EIF in this area.
Opportunistic	Fair level of conformance with the EIF - The specification barely covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.
Essential	Essential level of conformance with the EIF - The specification covers the basic aspects set out in the requirements and recommendations from the European Interoperability Framework.
Sustainable	Good level of conformance with the EIF scenario - The specification covers all the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.
Seamless	Leading practice of conformance level with the EIF - The specification fully covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.

Contact: For any general or technical questions, please send an email to DIGIT-CAMSS@ec.europa.eu. Follow all activities related to the CAMSS on our CAMSS community page.

USER CONSENT

Disclaimer:

By no means will the Interoperability Specification assessment imply any endorsement of the EC to the assessed specification. Likewise, the use of CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario implies that the user accepts that the EC is not liable on the assessment nor on any direct or indirect consequence/decision of such assessment.

The CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario is based on EU Survey, by accepting the CAMSS Privacy Statement the user also accepts EU Survey <u>Privacy Statement</u> and the <u>Terms of use</u>.

* Please, fill in the mandatory* information to start the assessment

▼I have read and agreed to the following CAMSS Privacy Statement: here
I agree to be contacted for evaluation purposes, namely to share my feedback on specific DEP solutions and actions and on the DEP programme and the European Interoperability Framework in general.
This assessment is licensed under the European Union Public License (EUPL)
IDENTIFICATION
Information on the information provider
Your Last name
Your First Name
CAMSS Team
Your Position / Role
Todi i osition / note
* Your Organisation
European Commission
Vous Contact whose number
Your Contact phone number
* Would you like to be contacted for evaluation purposes in the context of your assessment? To see how
your data is handled, please check again the Privacy statement here
In case you would like to be contacted, please select "yes" and provide your email. Yes
No
* Where did you learn about CAMSS?
DEP Programme (DEP website, DEP social media)
O Joinup (e.g., CAMSS Collection, Joinup social media)
 European Commission Public Administrations at national, regional or local level
Standards Developing Organizations (SDOs)
Other

If you answered "Other" in the previous question, please specify how:

ormation on the specification
cification type recification: Set of agreed, descriptive, and normative statements about how a specification should be designed hade. Indard: Specification that is largely adopted and possibly endorsed. Indication Profile: An application profile "customises one or more existing specifications potentially for a given case or a policy domain adding an end to end narrative describing and ensuring the interoperability of its erlying specification(s)". Inity: A family is a collection of interrelated and/or complementary specifications, standards, or application iles and the explanation of how they are combined, used, or both. Specification Standard Application Profile Family of Specification
of the specification Indexed Database API
sion of the specification 3.0.0
cription of the specification
The Indexed Database API specification provides a concrete API to perform advanced key-value data management that is at the heart of most sophisticated query processors. It does so by using transactional databases to store keys and their corresponding values (one or more per key), and providing a means of traversing keys in a deterministic order. This is often implemented through the use of persistent B-tree data structures that are considered efficient for insertion and deletion as well as in-order traversal of very large numbers of data records.
from where the specification is distributed
https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

IEEE (https://standards.ieee.org/)

ETSI (https://www.etsi.org/)GS1 (https://www.gs1.fr/)

openEHR (https://www.openehr.org/)IETF (https://www.ietf.org/)Other (SDO/SSO)
Contact information/contact person of the SDO a) for the organisation b) for the specification submitted
Information on the assessment of the specification
Reason for the submission, the need and intended use for the specification.
If any other evaluation of this specification is known, e.g. by Member States or European Commission projects, provide a link to this evaluation.
Considerations Is the functional area of application for the formal specification addressing interoperability and
eGovernment? YES NO Additional Information
IndexedDB addresses interoperability by providing a consistent and efficient way to store and manage data across different browsers, devices, and platforms, supporting the needs of modern web applications that need to work seamlessly across diverse environments.
EIF PRINCIPLES SETTING THE CONTEXT FOR EU ACTIONS ON

This category is related to the first underlying principle (<u>UP</u>) of the EIF Subsidiarity and Proportionality (UP1). The basis of this principle is to ensure that the EU Actions are taken or stated to improve national

INTEROPERABILITY

actions or decisions. Specifically, it aims to know if National Interoperability Frameworks are aligned with the EIF.

Please note that some of the questions have a prefilled answer depending on the SDO. To ensure it, please see that these questions include a help message that remarks it.

Subsidiarity and Proportionality

* A1 - To what extent has the specification been included in a national catalogue from a Member State whose National Interoperability Framework has a high performance on interoperability according to National Interoperability Framework Observatory factsheets?

EIF Recommendation 1: Ensure that national interoperability frameworks and interoperability strategies are aligned with the EIF and, if needed, tailor and extend them to address the national context and needs.

This criterion assesses if the specifications have been included within the National Catalogues of Specifications of the Member States that are highly aligned with the higher level of performance in terms of interoperability.

The Digital Public Administration Factsheets use three categories to evaluate the level of National Interoperability frameworks in accordance with the EIF. The three categories are 1. CONCEPTUAL MODEL FOR INTEGRATED PUBLIC SERVICES PROVISION; 2 INTEROPERABILITY LAYERS, and 3. INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES. National Interoperability Frameworks reports can be found here: https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/nifo-national-interoperability-framework-observatory/digital-public-administration-factsheets-2021

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification has not been included within the catalogue of any Member State.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a lower performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a middle-lower performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a middle-upper performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a higher performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.

* Justification

Indexed Database API is not included in any national catalogue of recommended specifications whose Member State NIF has a high performance on interoperability according to NIFO factsheets.

NIFO Factsheets:

https://interoperable-europe.ec.europa.eu/collection/nifo-national-interoperability-framework-observatory/digital-public-administration-factsheets-2024

CAMSS list of standards:

https://interoperable-europe.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/camss-list-standards

EIF CORE INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES

In this category, elements related to the core interoperability principles (UP) are encompassed, which are: openness (UP 2), transparency (UP3), reusability (UP4), technological neutrality and data portability (UP5).

Openness

EIF Recommendation 2: Publish the data you own as open data unless certain restrictions apply.

Relates to the ability of the specification to publish data as open data or not.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification does not support the publication of data on the web.
- The specification supports the publication of data on the web but under a non-open license.
- The specification supports the publication of data on the web with an open license, but in an unstructured format.
- The specification supports publication of data on the web with an open license and in a structured, machine-readable format.
- In addition to the previous question, the specification does not require proprietary software for the processing of its related data.
- In addition to the previous question, the specification is or incorporates open standards (e.g. W3C).

* Justification

The purpopse of Indexed Database API is not related to the publication of public data as open data. Therefore this criterion is not applicable to the specification.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A3 - To what extent do stakeholders have the opportunity to contribute to the development of the specification?

EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

Relates to in which measure the different stakeholders that a specification can benefit have the opportunity to participate in the working groups focused on the development of certain specifications.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There is no information on the working group of the specification.
- The working group is open to participation by any stakeholder but requires registration, fees, and membership approval.
- The working group is open to participation by any stakeholder but requires fees and membership approval.
- The working group is open to participation following a registration process.

W3C has a defined and publicly available Process for the Development and approval process of the specification as a recommended standard. Also, a clear Release Notes tracking the changes of the	
different versions is archived.	
W3C Process document:	
https://www.w3.org/2018/Process-20180201/#Policies	
Additional Information	
In case you need to add further justification.	
*A4 - To what extent is a public review part of the release lifecycle? EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair	
consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.	
A public review consists of the public availability of the specification's draft for stakeholders to provide inputs for the improvement and fix of possible bugs.	1e
Not Answered	
Not Applicable	
Specification releases do not foresee public reviews.	
Public review is applied to certain releases depending on the involved changes.	
All major releases foresee a public review.	
 All major and minor releases foresee a public review but, during which, collected feedback is not publicly visible. 	
All major and minor releases foresee a public review during which collected feedback is publicly visible.	
Justification:	
W3C has a defined and publicly available Process for the Development and approval process of the specification as a recommended standard, including a public review.	
W3C Process document:	
https://www.w3.org/2018/Process-20180201/#Policies	
Additional Information	
In case you need to add further justification.	
*A5 - To what extent do restrictions and royalties apply to the specification's use?	
EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.	

Additionally to the EIF's recommendation that refers to open-source software it applies to a specification in itself at

any interoperability level (legal, organisational, semantic, or technical)

The working group is open to all without specific fees, registration, or other conditions.

Justification:

Use of the specification is restricted and requires the payment of royalty fees.
Use of the specification is royalty-free but imposes an Intellectual Property Right (IPR) policy or licence that
goes against Fair, Reasonable and Non-Discriminatory (F/RAND) principles.
Use of the specification is royalty-free and its Intellectual Property Right (IPR) policy or licence is aligned w
Fair, Reasonable and Non-Discriminatory (F/RAND) principles.
<u>Justification:</u>
The W3C Royalty-Free IPR licenses granted under the W3C Patent Policy apply to all W3C
specifications, including this specification.
W3C Patent practice:
https://www.w3.org/TR/patent-practice#ref-AC
Additional Information
In case you need to add further justification.
The date you need to dud further justification.
A6 - To what extent is the enecification sufficiently mature for its use in the development of digital
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solutions/services? <u>EIF Recommendation 4:</u> Give preference to open specifications, taking due account of the coverage of functions
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Solutions/services? EIF Recommendation 4: Give preference to open specifications, taking due account of the coverage of functional needs, maturity and market support, and innovation. Maturity related to the stability of the specification, meaning that it has been evolved enough and mechanisms for its development have been put in place (Change Management processes, monitoring, etc.) Not Answered
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EIF Recommendation 4: Give preference to open specifications, taking due account of the coverage of functions needs, maturity and market support, and innovation. Maturity related to the stability of the specification, meaning that it has been evolved enough and mechanisms for its development have been put in place (Change Management processes, monitoring, etc.) Not Answered Not Applicable The specification has no published releases and no publicly accessible information on its development state. The specification is under development without published releases. The specification has published major releases but without public documentation on its supporting process.
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The specification has no public definition of its Intellectual Property Right (IPR) policy or licence.

Not AnsweredNot Applicable

The W3C organisation has been developing the Indexed Database API since 2015 and has released three versions. Since then, the organisation has published all the information about the specification, which can be found on its website. In addition, the point of the specification is to preserve persistent data on users' devices, and this is available in almost all web browsers.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

IndexedDB RXdB:

https://rxdb.info/articles/localstorage-indexeddb-cookies-opfs-sqlite-wasm.html

* A7 - To what extent has the specification sufficient market acceptance for its use in the development of digital solutions/services?

EIF Recommendation 4: Give preference to open specifications, taking due account of the coverage of functional needs, maturity and market support, and innovation.

Relates to how the specification is supported by the market, taking as a reference whether or not the specifications are widely used or implemented. There is an exception, and it is when the specification is used to implement innovative solutions, then, the specification should not be considered as failing to meet the requirements of the criterion.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There is no information about the specification's market uptake.
- The specification has known implementations but not enough to indicate market acceptance.
- The specification has widespread use indicating market acceptance.
- The specification has widespread use and relevant independent reports proving its market acceptance.
- The specification does not have market acceptance because it is directly used to create innovative solutions.

* Justification

The specification has been updated to its third version, introducing several improvements in functionality. As a result, it is now regarded as one of the most valuable tools for managing data and facilitating easier access. For example, IndexedDB is employed in projects such as Health360 to store data, enhancing both data integrity and availability. Moreover, IndexedDB also complies with the GDPR framework, addressing security concerns related to the processing of personal data.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Health360 project GDPR:

https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3417/12/17/8441

* A8 - To what extent has the specification support from at least one community?

EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

Related to whether or not communities exist around the specification at any level legal, organisational, semantic, or technical contributions to its enhancement and development.

	There is no community linked to the specification.
	Specification support is available but as part of a closed community requiring registration and possibly fees.
	There is no specific community to support the specification but there are public channels for the exchange of
	help and knowledge among its users.
	There is a community providing public support linked to the specification but in a best-effort manner.
	There is a community tasked to provide public support linked to the specification and manage its
	maintenance.
* Jus	stification
	The Indexed Database API has been published and is maintained by the World Wide Web Consortium
	(W3C). Additionally, a GitHub repository exists where contributors can raise issues, providing a platform for
	community engagement around the specification.
	community original around the openinguitori.
	Indexed Database API:
	https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/
	Indexed Database API github:
	https://github.com/w3c/IndexedDB
_	
* A9	- To what extent does the specification enable the visibility of administrative procedures, rules
dat	ta, and services?
Ell	F Recommendation 5: Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.
	Not Answered
	Not Applicable
	The specification hinders visibility.
	The specification neither promotes nor hinders visibility.
	The specification can contribute and promote the visibility of administrations, but it is not its main purpose.
	The specification can enable the visibility of administrations if combined with other specifications.
	The specification actively promotes and supports visibility.
* Jus	stification
	The purpopse of Indexed Database API is not related to enabling the visibility of administrative procedures,
	rules data, and services. Therefore this criterion is not applicable to the specification.
	raises data, and services. Therefore this enterior is not applicable to the specification.

Not AnsweredNot Applicable

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A10 - To what extent does the specification scope comprehensibly administrative procedures, rules data, and services?

<u>EIF Recommendation 5:</u> Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.

	Not Applicable
	1 tot / ppiloasio
	The specification hinders comprehensibility.
	The specification can contribute and promote the comprehensibility of administrations, but it is not its main
	The specification can contribute and promote the comprehensibility of administrations, but it is not its main purpose.
	 The specification can scope the comprehensibility of administrations if combined with other specifications.
	The specification actively promotes and supports comprehensibility.
	The specification actively promotes and supports comprehensionity.
* Jus	stification
	The purpopse of Indexed Database API is not related to comprehensibly administrative procedures, rules data, and services. Therefore this criterion is not applicable to the specification.
	Indexed Database API:
	https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/
adı	1 - To what extent does the specification enable the exposure of interfaces to access the public ministration's services? F Recommendation 5: Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.
ad su _l sy:	elates to ensuring availability of interfaces with internal information systems. As the EIF defines: <i>Public Iministrations operate a large number of what are often heterogeneous and disparate information systems in apport of their internal processes. Interoperability depends on ensuring the availability of interfaces to these stems and the data they handle. In turn, interoperability facilitates the reuse of systems and data and enables less to be integrated into larger systems. Not Answered Not Applicable</i>
	The specification prevents the exposure of such interfaces.
	The specification neither promotes nor hinders the exposure of such interfaces. The specification neither promotes nor hinders the exposure of such interfaces.
	The specification can contribute to the exposure of interfaces, but it is not its main purpose.
	The specification can enable the exposure of interfaces if combined with other specifications.
	The specification enables exposure of such interfaces. The specification enables exposure of such interfaces.
	The specification enables exposure of such interfaces.
* Jus	stification
	IndexedDB can contribute to the client application state storage and can significantly impact the way interfaces are exposed or behave, especially in terms of offline functionality, data persistence, and performance optimisation.
	Indexed Database API:
	https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/
	, grant and a second a second and a second a

Reusability

* A12 - To what extent is the specification usable beyond the business-specific domain, allowing its usage across business domains?

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and share solutions, and cooperate in the development of joint solutions when implementing European public services.

Relates to the use of the specification beyond a specific business domain. E.g. a specification developed under the eHealth domain that can be used in other domains or not.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification is tied to a specific domain and is restricted from being implemented or used in other domains.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but its implementation and/or use in other domains is difficult.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but could be partially implemented and/or used in other domains.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but could be implemented and/or used 'as-is' to other domains.
- The specification is domain-agnostic, designed to be implemented and/or used in any domain.

* Justification

The Indexed Database API specification is designed to provide a way for web applications to store and retrieve large amounts of structured data locally in a browser, without being tied to a specific domain.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Technological Neutrality and Data Portability

* A13 - Is the specification technology agnostic?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

Technology-neutrality relates to not being dependent on any other ("sister") specifications, and platform-neutrality, not being dependent on any specific environment, web platform, operating system.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

Indexed Database API does not rely on any specific technology.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A14 - Is the specification platform agnostic?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

Technology-neutrality relates to not being dependent on any other ("sister") specifications, and platform-neutrality, not being dependent on any specific environment, web platform, operating system.

Not Answered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

Indexed Database API does not rely on any specific platform. In this context, the specification is commonly implemented in all browsers.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A15 - To what extent does the specification allow for partial implementations?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

Partial implementations refer to the application of specifications, not in their whole, but part of the requirements or features defined in the documentation.

It can also be understood as the implementation of different profiles, which is also related to a certain set of requirements depending on the context of implementation.

Not Answered

Not Applicable

The specification is only meant to be used as a whole.

The specification could be partially implemented but does not make specific provisions towards this.

- The specification could be partially implemented but includes only guidelines towards this rather than sets of requirements.
- The specification explicitly foresees sets of requirements that can be implemented incrementally.
- The specification explicitly foresees sets of requirements that can be implemented incrementally or separately.

* Justification

The Indexed Database API specification does not make specific provisions for partial implementations. However, it is mentioned that some operations can be performed separately. In this context, different operations can be found, such as index retrieval operations or object store retrieval operations, which can be utilised separately.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A16 - Does the specification allow customisation?

<u>EIF Recommendation 8:</u> Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

A clear example of customizations is Core Vocabularies, which define a set of general requirements that could fit in any context and allow for the customization to fit specific business requirements in the implementation.

Not Answered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

Although the Indexed Database API is not itself customisable, some elements can be modified. For example, object stores, which are the primary storage for data in a database, can be changed.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A17 - Does the specification allow extension?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

A clear example of extension is Core Vocabularies, which are a set of general requirements fitting in different contexts that can complement each other in a sort of extensibility practice to fit specific business requirements in any implementation.

Not Answered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

The Indexed Database API allows for extension. In this context, there are some available extensions that allow for the improvement of certain features of the specification. One of these extensions is the IndexedDB exporter, which allows for exporting Indexed Database API data to a JSON file.

IndexedDB exporter extension:

https://chromewebstore.google.com/detail/indexeddb-exporter/kngligbmoipnmljnpphhocajldjplgcj

* A18 - To what extent does the specification enable data portability between systems/applications supporting the implementation or evolution of European public services?

EIF Recommendation 9: Ensure data portability, namely that data is easily transferable between systems and applications supporting the implementation and evolution of European public services without unjustified restrictions, if legally possible.

Not	Answered
JOVI	Answered

Not Applicable

The specification prevents or does not support data portability.

0

The specification neither addresses data portability nor prevents it.

- The specification addresses data portability but without specific provisions to enable it.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling data portability.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables data portability.

* Justification

When facilitating information exchange between systems and applications, the specification contributes to enabling data portability. In this context, it plays a significant role in exporting stored data in JSON format, promoting data portability.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

EIF PRINCIPLES RELATED TO GENERIC USER NEEDS AND EXPECTATIONS

This category includes all underlying principles from the EIF which are related to user needs. Principles included here are user-centricity (UP6), inclusion and accessibility (UP7), security and privacy (UP8), and multilingualism (UP9).

User-Centricity

* A19 - To what extent does the specification allow relevant information to be reused when needed?

EIF Recommendation 13: As far as possible under the legislation in force, ask users of European public services

once-only and relevant-only information.

The Once-Only Principle is related to making the operations or transactions between administrations and stakeholders more efficient. It implies avoiding the provision of certain data or information twice or more when this information is already available for public administrations.

First European Data Space, Once Only Technical System (OOTS):

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/wikis/display/DIGITAL/Once+Only+Technical+System

Additional and relevant information can be found here: https://ec.europa.eu/cefdigital/wiki/display/CEFDIGITAL

/Once+Only+Principle

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- Information needs to be provided whenever this is needed.
- There is limited reuse of provided information.
- Provided information is reused, but this is not consistently done.
- Provided information is reused, but not in all scenarios.
- Information is provided once-only and reused as needed.

* Justification

The Indexed Database API specification is addressed to the storage of information. In this context, the specification allows for the storage of large numbers of objects locally and retrieving them when needed, by

using an index. However, the reuse of information is limited to browsers.
Indexed Database API: https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Inclusion and Accessibility

* A20 - To what extent does the specification enable the e-accessibility?

EIF Recommendation 14: Ensure that all European public services are accessible to all citizens, including persons with disabilities, the elderly, and other disadvantaged groups. For digital public services, public administrations should comply with e-accessibility specifications that are widely recognised at the European or international level.

Examples of specifications addressing e-accessibility are, for instance, WAI-ARIA (https://www.w3.org/WAI /standards-guidelines/aria/) included within Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) Overview (https://www.w3.org/WAI /standards-guidelines/wcag/).

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support e-accessibility.
- The specification neither addresses e-accessibility nor prevents it.
- The specification can contribute and promote e-accessibility, but it is not its main purpose.
- The specification can enable e-accessibility if combined with other specifications.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables e-accessibility.

* Justification

The developers producing dynamic content applications using the IndexedDB should ensure that the content is accessible to users with a variety of technologies and needs. Moreover, the API does not define or require any a user to generate a user interface to enable interaction with the API. In this context, users can provide user interface elements to support the API.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Privacy

* A21 - To what extent does the specification ensure the protection of personal data managed by Public Administrations?

<u>EIF Recommendation 15:</u> Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

Relates to the actions that Public Administrations establish concerning sensitive information for the proper delivery

of public services. The different actions imply the reception, classification, and exchange of such information.

Securing the right to the protection of personal data, by respecting the applicable legal framework for the large volumes of personal data of citizens, held and managed by Public administrations.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification hinders the protection of personal data.
- The specification does not address the protection of personal data but neither prevents it.
- The specification includes certain data protection considerations but without being exhaustive.
- The specification explicitly addresses data protection but without referring to relevant regulations.
- The specification explicitly addresses data protection and its alignment to relevant regulations.

* Justification

The IndexedDB does not address the protection of personal data; it only addresses the storage of information. However, the specification offers a framework that can help achieve a more consistent privacy of data. In this context, the specification offers tips, such as deleting data when it is not necessary. Thus, the combination of the specification's functionalities and human techniques can achieve a certain degree of data privacy.

Indexed Database API privacy:

https://www.w3.org/TR/2025/WD-IndexedDB-3-20250110/#privacy

* A22 - Does the specification provide means for restriction of access to information/data?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

The principle of confidentiality defines that only the sender and the intended recipient(s) must be able to create the content of a message. Confidentiality have compromised if an unauthorized person is able to create a message.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the implementation of confidentiality mechanisms/features.
- The specification neither addresses confidentiality nor prevents it.
- The specification addresses confidentiality but without specific provisions to enable it.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling confidentiality.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the implementation of features to guarantee confidentiality.

* Justification

The Indexed Database API specification allows to restrict access to information/data stored by some web that utilise the specification. In this context, only the website that created the data (from the same domain) can access it. If a website is loaded inside an iframe from a different domain, it can't access the data of the parent website. This rule helps protect your data from unauthorised access or manipulation.

Indexed Database API privacy:

https://www.w3.org/TR/2025/WD-IndexedDB-3-20250110/#privacy

* A23 - Is the specification included in any initiative at European or National level covering privacy aspects?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

Securing the right to the protection of personal data, by respecting the applicable legal framework for the large volumes of personal data of citizens, held and managed by Public administrations.

Relates to the actions that Public Administrations establish concerning sensitive information for the proper delivery of public services. The different actions imply the reception, classification, and exchange of such information.

For example, the ETSI (Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures) family of specifications are part of the trust establishment of the eDelivery solution, ensuring that its implementation is salient to guarantee security and privacy.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- Yes, but at national or regional level.
- Yes, at European level.

* Justification

The IndexedDB specification is used in the Health360 national project, a framework designed as an integrated tool for managing and analysing data related to neuromuscular disorders. In this context, IndexedDB is utilised for data caching, making it easier to access. Additionally, this functionality can be combined with other specifications to secure cached data.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Security

Data processing and exchange

* A24 - To what extent does the specification enable the secure exchange of data?

<u>EIF Recommendation 15:</u> Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

This relates to the actions that Public Administrations establish concerning sensitive information for the proper delivery of public services. The different actions imply the reception, classification, and exchange of such information.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the secure and trustworthy exchange of data.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling the secure exchange of data.

The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data exchange but does not foresee specific provisions to enable them.

- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data exchange but specific provisions to enable them are limited.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the secure and trustworthy exchange of data.

* Justification

The purpose of Indexed Database API is not related to secure exchange of data since the specification not provide any reference to security considerations.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A25 - To what extent does the specification enable the secure processing of data?

<u>EIF Recommendation 15:</u> Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

Relates to the actions that Public Administrations establish concerning sensitive information for the proper delivery of public services. The different actions imply the reception, classification, and exchange of such information.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the secure and trustworthy processing of data.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling the secure processing of data.
- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data processing but does not foresee specific provisions to enable them.
- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data processing but specific provisions to enable them are limited.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the secure and trustworthy processing of data.

* Justification

The purpose of Indexed Database API is not related to secure processing of data. Therefore, this criterion is not applicable to the specification.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Data authenticity

* A26 - To what extent the specification guarantees the authenticity and authentication of the roles agents involved in the data transactions?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

Authentication defines that users are who they request to be. Availability defines that resources are available by

authorized parties; "denial of service" attacks, which are the subject matter of national news, are attacks against availability. The concerns of information security professionals are access control and Nonrepudiation.

Authorization defines the power that it can have over distinguishing authorized users from unauthorized users, and levels of access in-between. Authenticity defines the constant checks that it can have to run on the system to make sure sensitive places are protected and working perfectly."

	Answered	

- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the implementation of authentication features.
- The specification neither addresses authenticity nor prevents it.
- The specification addresses the implementation of authenticity features but without specific provisions to enable it.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling authenticity features.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the implementation of authenticity features.

* Justification

The specification includes several authenticity considerations. In this context, although the specification does not implement TLS, it recommends it. In this sense, only pages using TLS with certificates that identify them as being from the same domain can access their respective databases. As a result, unauthorized pages cannot access these databases and are thus protected.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Data integrity

* A27 - To what extent information is protected against unauthorised changes?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

Integrity defines that information is protected against unauthorized changes that are not perceptible to authorized users; some incidents of hacking compromise the integrity of databases and multiple resources.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the implementation of data integrity mechanisms /features.
- The specification neither addresses data integrity nor prevents it.
- The specification addresses data integrity but without specific provisions to enable it.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling data integrity.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the implementation of features to guarantee data integrity.

* Justification

Although the Indexed Database API is addressed to the storage of information, it can also contribute to enabling certain aspects of data protection from unknown sources. In this context, the Indexed Database API follows a same-origin policy. While you can access stored data within a domain, you cannot access data across different domains. This helps to reduce unwanted user access.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Indexed Dataase API same-origin policy:

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/IndexedDB_API/Basic_Terminology

Data accuracy

* A28 - To what extent does the specification ensure and enable data processing accuracy?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

The accuracy and completeness of information systems and the data supported within the systems should be an administration concern. The information which has been inappropriately changed or destroyed (by external or employees) can impact the organization. Each organization should make controls to provide that data entered into and saved in its automated files and databases are complete and accurate and provide the accuracy of disseminated data.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the implementation of data accuracy mechanisms/features.
- The specification neither addresses data accuracy nor prevents it.
- The specification addresses data accuracy but without specific provisions to enable it.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling data accuracy.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the implementation of features to guarantee data accuracy.

* Justification

The purpose of Indexed Database API is not related to data accuracy. Therefore, this criterion is not applicable to the specification.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Access Control

* A29 - To what extent does the specification provide an access control mechanism?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

The principle of access control decides who must be able to access what. For example, it must be able to define that user A can view the data in a database, but cannot refresh them. User A can be allowed to create updates as well. An access-control mechanism can be installed to provide this. Access control is associated with two areas including role management and rule management. Role management applies on the user side, whereas rule management targets the resources side.

Not	: Answ	ered
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Not Applicable

- The specification does not provide access control mechanisms.
- The specification neither addresses nor prevents access control mechanisms.
- The specification addresses access control mechanisms but without specific provisions to enable them.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling access control mechanisms.
- The specification explicitly foresees a set of requirements for the enabling of access control mechanisms.

* Justification

Access to the Indexed Database API is controlled by the browser's security mechanisms. For example, scripts can only access the Indexed Database API if they are from the same origin/domain. This prevents unauthorised cross-origin access to the stored data.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Multilingualism

* A30 - To what extent could the specification be used in a multilingual context?

EIF Recommendation 16: Use information systems and technical architectures that cater to multilingualism when establishing a European public service. Decide on the level of multilingualism support based on the needs of the expected users.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification cannot be used in a multilingual context.
- The specification could be used in a multilingual context but has no specific provisions to facilitate this.
- The specification foresees limited support for multilingualism.
- The specification foresees support for multilingualism but this is not complete.
- The specification is designed to fully support multilingualism.

* Justification

While IndexedDB itself does not define a specific mechanism for it, storage of structured content also allows developers to store internationalised content, using different records or structure within records to hold language alternatives.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

EIF FOUNDATION PRINCIPLES FOR COOPERATION AMONG PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONS

This category includes the criteria aiming to evaluate principles related to collaboration amongst public organisations, business, and citizens. This is related to the underlying principles of administrative simplification (UP10), preservation of information (UP11), and assessment of effectiveness and efficiency (UP12).

Administrative Simplification

* A31 - Does the specification simplify the delivery of European public services?

EIF Recommendation 17: Simplify processes and use digital channels whenever appropriate for the delivery of European public services, to respond promptly and with high quality to users' requests and reduce the administrative burden on public administrations, businesses and citizens.

A positive answer would cover every specification easing digitalisation and administratice simplification by for example helping an Identification service access a Digital Portfolo with citizens information.

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	INOL	Alisv	vered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

The IndexedDB allows to store information locally, and access data without the need of being connected to the internet. In this context, public administrations can store information locally, and continue delivering public services in poor connection moments. Thus, public services can be delivered in many complicated situations.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A32 - Does the specification enable digital service delivery channels?

EIF Recommendation 17: Simplify processes and use digital channels whenever appropriate for the delivery of European public services, to respond promptly and with high quality to users' requests and reduce the administrative burden on public administrations, businesses and citizens.

A positive answer would cover that a specification eases or provides better means of delivering public services as a good asset for digitalisation and administrative simplification. For instance, a specification directly related to API performance easing and improving the delivery of a Digital Public Service through an API.

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Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

IndexedDB API can play a supportive role in enabling digital service delivery channels, particularly for web-based services. While IndexedDB itself is not a comprehensive solution for service delivery, it offers a crucial set of capabilities that can help optimise the performance and functionality of digital platforms used in delivering public services.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Preservation of Information

specification to deliver the expected service.

Not Answered

* A33 - To what extent does the specification enable the long-term preservation of data/information /knowledge (electronic records included)?

EIF Recommendation 18: Formulate a long-term preservation policy for information related to European public services and especially for information that is exchanged across borders.

Relates to the capacity of the specification to contribute to the long-term preservation of information.

		Not Answered
		Not Applicable
		The specification prevents or does not support long-term preservation.
	0	The specification neither addresses the long-term preservation nor prevents it.
	0	The specification addresses the long-term preservation of electronic resources (information, data, etc) in a limited manner.
	0	The specification addresses long-term preservation of electronic resources (information, data, etc), but not in a complete manner.
	0	The specification explicitly addresses and enables long-term preservation.
luc	+ifi,	cation
Jus		
		he main purpose of the Indexed Database API is the storage of information. In this context, the
		pecification is ideal for storing information locally and retrieving it when needed. In addition, the
	S	pecification allows data to be stored permanently and deleted when it is unnecessary or no longer needed.
	lr	ndexed Database API:
	h	ttps://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/
As	SS	essment of Effectiveness and Efficiency
۸2	1 _	To what extent are there assessments of the specification's effectiveness?
		decommendation 19: Evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of different interoperability solutions and
		beginning in the calculation of controlled and choloney of anteronic interopolability solutions and

Effectiveness: the extent to which the specifications reach the expected action according to its purpose.

technological options considering user needs, proportionality, and balance between costs and benefits.

Related to the degree to which the specification is effective while using it. There are indirect methods to determine that the specification is effective, for instance when a solution that has an effective performance and uses the

	Not Applicable
	There are no such assessments.
	There are such assessments that indirectly address the specification.
	There are such assessments evaluating digital solutions' effectiveness that involve the specification.
0	

There are such assessments addressing the specification and its effectiveness together with other specifications.

There are such assessments directly addressing the specification.

* Justification

There is existing documentation and studies assessing the effectiveness of Indexed Database API. In "Evaluating IndexedDB Performance on Web Browsers" study, is conducted a comparative analysis of IndexedDB performance on four renowned browsers. In this sense, IndexedDB operations are explored in each browser and a statistical analysis is conducted to compare the performance of these operations on each browser.

"Evaluationg IndexedDB Performance on Web Browsers" study: https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/8080047

* A35 - To what extent are there assessments of the specification's efficiency?

EIF Recommendation 19: Evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of different interoperability solutions and technological options considering user needs, proportionality, and balance between costs and benefits.

Related to the good use of time and resources not wasted unnecessarily by a specification being used. There are indirect methods to determine that the specification is efficient, for instance, a solution delivering a service with an efficient performance that uses the specification.

Efficiency	timae	and	maane	naadad t	20	hiovo	tha	raculte	ueina	tho	specification	
	IIIIIE2	anu	IIIEalis	Heeded to	u ac	IIIEVE	uie	results	นอแน	uie	Specification	١.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There are no such assessments.
- There are such assessments that indirectly address the specification.
- There are assessments evaluating digital solutions' efficiency that involve the specification.
- There are such assessments addressing the specification and its efficiency together with other specifications.
- There are such assessments directly addressing the specification.

* Justification

There is existing documentation and studies assessing the efficiency of Indexed Database API. The "The role of HTML5 IndexedDB, the past, present and future" study, outlines the background study and the importance of new technologies, such as HTML5's new browser based storage called IndexedDB. In addition, it is proposed a solution to IndexedDB's known security issues in form of a security model, which will extend the current model.

"The role of HTML5 IndexedDB, the past, present and future" study: https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/7412126

EIF INTEROPERABILITY LAYERS

This category is aligned with the related interoperability models described in the EIF and apply to all the public services. It includes six layers: interoperability governance, integrated public service governance, legal interoperability, organisational interoperability, semantic interoperability, and technical interoperability covered by criteria A2 to A10 under the Openness category.

Interoperability Governance

* A3	36 - Is the	(or could it be)	specification	mapped to the	ne European	Interoperability	Architecture
(E	IRA)?						

EIF Recommendation 20: Ensure holistic governance of interoperability activities across administrative levels and sectors.

The EIRA defines the required capabilities for promoting interoperability as a set of Architecture Building Blocks (ABBs). The association of specification to these ABBs means the capacity to enable Legal, Organisational, Semantic, or Technical aspects needed for the development of interoperable public services. This association can be taken from ELIS the EIRA Library of Interoperability Specifications (ELIS) but also can be established ad-hoc.

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- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

Indexed Database API is already associated to EIRA ABBs in the EIRA Library of Interoperability Specifications (ELIS). More specifically, Indexed Database API can define the interoperability aspects of the "Data Management" and "Cache Manager" ABBs of the EIRA Technical View.

EIRA Library of Interoperability Specifications (ELIS):

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/solution/elis/release/v610

* A37 - To what extent can the conformance of the specification's implementations be assessed?

EIF Recommendation 21: Put in place processes to select relevant standards and specifications, evaluate them, monitor their implementation, check compliance and test their interoperability.

Relates to the implementation of the specification being conformant with the requirements established in the text of the specification. There are different methods to ensure the conformance of an implementation: check manually if the implementation meets the requirements in the specification text (if any), use additional methods or resources provided to this purpose or use specific tools provided by the SDO developing the specification.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification does not include a definition of conformance.
- The specification defines conformance but not as a set of measurable requirements.
- The specification defines conformance as requirements that can be measured manually.
- The specification defines conformance as requirements with resources to enable automated measurement.
- The specification is complemented by a conformance testing platform to allow testing of implementations.

* Justification

Although there is no platform for testing Indexed Database API implementations, there are some resources that offer guides on how to test an Indexed Database API code. In this context, the "Testing your IndexedDB code with Jest" offers a guide on how to test two asynchronous IndexedDB functions with Jest.js.

"Testing your IndexedDB code with Jest" guide:

https://dev.to/andyhaskell/testing-your-indexeddb-code-with-jest-2o17

* A38 - Is the specification recommended by a European Member State?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at the national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

Recommended specifications are these specifications that the Member States provide as examples for the implementation of certain digital public services or for being used when procuring these digital public services or solutions.

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60	IMOI	Answ	/erea

- Not Applicable
- ON
- YES

* Justification

After searching the different national catalogues, no European Member State has been found to recommend the Indexed Database API.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A39 - Is the specification selected for its use in a European Cross-border project/initiative?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

The European Commission set up a process for the identification and assessment of specifications for its use in the development of IT solutions and also when procuring them. Find here the commission implementing decisions that include the specifications identified by the European Commission: https://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/ /european-standards/ict-standardisation/ict-technical-specifications_en

Additionally, there could be other situations where a specification can be selected for European projects or initiatives out of the scope of the above-mentioned context. These specifications can be considered positively in this assessment.

\bigcirc	Not	Answ	ered
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- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

The Indexed Database API aligns with GDPR Regulation Article 32, which governs security aspects of personal data processing. In this context, within the Health360 project, the specification is used for data caching, ensuring data integrity and availability. While the Health360 project is not a European cross-border initiative, the specification is designed to ensure compliance with GDPR.

Health360 GDPR project:

https://www.mdpi.com/2076-3417/12/17/8441

* A40 - Is the specification included in an open repository/catalogue of standards at national level?

<u>EIF Recommendation 23:</u> Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at the national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and s	hare solutions, ar	nd cooperate in th	he development of	joint solutions when
implementing European public services	j.			

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- NO
- YES

* Justification

After searching through different catalogues, no evidence of the Indexed Database API being included in the catalogue of any Member State was found.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

*A41 - Is the specification included in an open repository/catalogue of standards at European level?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at the national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and share solutions, and cooperate in the development of joint solutions when implementing European public services.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON
- YES

* Justification

The specification is not included in any open repository/catalogue of standards at European level.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Legal Interoperability

* A42 - Is the specification a European Standard?

EIF Recommendation 27: Ensure that legislation is screened by means of 'interoperability checks', to identify any barriers to interoperability. When drafting legislation to establish a European public service, seek to make it consistent with relevant legislation, perform a 'digital check', and consider data protection requirements.

European Standards are those standards developed by certain organisations dedicated to this purpose. CEN, CENELEC, and ETSI are the principal organisations and all of them are developing their standards under the basis of meeting the requirements established within the European Standardisation Regulation. CEN-CENELEC homepage: https://www.cencenelec.eu/

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON
- YES

* Justification

The Indexed Database API specification is developed by a non-European organisation. Therefore, the specification cannot be considered a European standard.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

Organisational Interoperability

* A43 - Does the specification facilitate the modelling of business processes?

EIF Recommendation 28: Document your business processes using commonly accepted modelling techniques and agree on how these processes should be aligned to deliver a European public service.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

While IndexedDB does not directly aid in modeling business processes, it can be part of a solution that enables the execution and management of business processes, especially in applications where local storage and offline functionality are required.

Indexed Database API:

https://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/

* A44 - To what extent does the specification facilitate organisational interoperability agreements?

EIF Recommendation 29: Clarify and formalise your organisational relationships for establishing and operating European public services.

0	
	Not Answered
	Not Applicable
	The specification's definition hinders the drafting of such agreements.
0	The specification makes no provisions that would facilitate the drafting of such agreements.
•	The specification defines certain elements to facilitate such agreements.
0	The specification defines most elements to facilitate such agreements.
	The specification explicitly identifies all elements to be used in drafting such agreements.
Justific	cation
Т	The Indexed Database API specification indirectly supports interoperability agreements by providing a
	tandardised method for client-side data storage across different web applications and platforms. While it
	oes not directly address inter-organisational data exchange, it helps ensure that web apps across different
	rganisations can store and access structured data consistently.
	,
lr	ndexed Database API:
h	ttps://www.w3.org/TR/IndexedDB/
to cre and E	and results in national and/or European platforms? ecommendation 32: Support the establishment of sector-specific and cross-sectoral communities that aim ate open information specifications and encourage relevant communities to share their results on national suropean platforms.
	es to specifications that are narrowly related to the data/information being exchanged, its format, and ure. It would allow a common method/mechanism to improve its reuse and exchange removing possible
limitat	ure. It would allow a common method/mechanism to improve its reuse and exchange removing possible tions. An example of it could be RDF, which is used to describe information and its metadata using specific
limitat	ure. It would allow a common method/mechanism to improve its reuse and exchange removing possible
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Relates to specifications' capacities to help and ease the creation and formalisation of Interoperability agreements.

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/7759376/indexeddb-performance

IndexedDB Apple forum:

https://forums.developer.apple.com/forums/thread/730023

Useful links

CAMSS Joinup Page (https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss)

<u>CAMSS Library of Assessments (https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/camss-assessments-library)</u>

<u>CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario - User Guide (https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/solution/camss-assessment-eif-scenario/camss-assessment-eif-scenario-quick-user-guide)</u>

Contact

DIGIT-CAMSS@ec.europa.eu



CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario v6.0.0 - Results

CAMSS Assessment Result

Thank you for your contribution.

The score of the specification related to the scenario under which it is being evaluated depends on the scores achieved in each section of the survey. Please see the example below for guidance.

The following table shows the 'compliance levels' that a specification can reach depending on the assessment score.

EIF Scenario Compliance Level Conversion Table

			Compliance Level		
Section	Ad-hoc	Opportunistic	Essential	Sustainable	Seamless
Principles setting the context for EU Actions on Interoperability	20	40	50	80	90
EIF Core Interoperability Principles	0 to 340	341 to 681	681 to 1020	1021 to 1360	1361 to 1700
EIF Principles Related to generic user needs and expectations	0 to 240	241 to 480	481 to 720	721 to 960	961 to 1200

EIF Foundation principles for cooperation among public administrations	0 to 100	101 to 200	201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500
EIF					
Interoperability Layers	0 to 200	201 to 400	401 to 600	601 to 800	801 to 1000

The table below expresses the range of the score per section. When used in combination with the table above, the total score can be interpreted. See the example below for guidance.

Section Compliance Conversion Table

Compliance Level	Description
Ad-hoc	Poor level of conformance with the EIF - The specification does not cover the requirements and recommendations set out by the EIF in this area.
Opportunistic	Fair level of conformance with the EIF - The specification barely covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.
Essential	Essential level of conformance with the EIF - The specification covers the basic aspects set out in the requirement and recommendations from the European Interoperability Framework.
Sustainable	Good level of conformance with the EIF scenario - The specification covers all the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.
Seamless	Leading practice of conformance level with the EIF - The specification fully covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.

Example – How to find the final Compliance Level

Using the score reached after the initial assessment, the interpretation can be made as follows.

- 1. In the summary table, observe the score for each section, e.g. EIF Core Interoperability Principles has 1800 points.
- 2. In the middle table the Section Compliance Conversion Table see that this number correlates to a column. In our example, the 1800 points of Core Interoperability Principles fall in the EIF Core Interoperability Principles row, and '1441 to 1800' point range, placing it in the column 'Compliance **Seamless**'.

3. Next, in the top table – the EIF Scenario Compliance Level Conversion Table – we see Compliance Level " **Seamless**", and from its description that the specification for the EIF Core Interoperability Principles 'fully covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.'.

For additional calculation of the assessment strength, please follow the instruction provided in the User Guide, found here.

Summary:



Section	Score for this Section	
EIF PRINCIPLES SETTING THE CONTEXT FOR EU ACTIONS ON INTEROPERABILITY	20/100	
EIF CORE INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES	1620 /1700	
EIF PRINCIPLES RELATED TO GENERIC USER NEEDS AND EXPECTATIONS	1010 /1200	
EIF FOUNDATION PRINCIPLES FOR COOPERATION AMONG PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONS	500 /500	
EIF INTEROPERABILITY LAYERS	620 /1000	

Scores by Question:

EIF PRINCIPLES SETTING THE CONTEXT FOR EU ACTIONS ON INTEROPERABILITY

Score for this Section: 20/100

A1 - To what extent has the specification been included in a national catalogue from a Member State whose National Interoperability Framework has a high performance on interoperability according to National Interoperability Framework Observatory factsheets?

20 out of 100 points

EIF CORE INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES

Score for this Section: 1620/1700

A2 - Does the specification facilitate the publication of data on the web?

Your
Not Applicable answer

100 out of 100 points

A3 - To what extent do stakeholders have the opportunity to contribute to the development of the specification?

Your The working group is open to all without specific answer fees, registration, or other conditions.

100 out of 100 points

A4 - To what extent is a public review part of the release lifecycle?

Your All major and minor releases foresee a public answer review during which collected feedback is publicly visible.

100 out of 100 points

A5 - To what extent do restrictions and royalties apply to the specification's use?

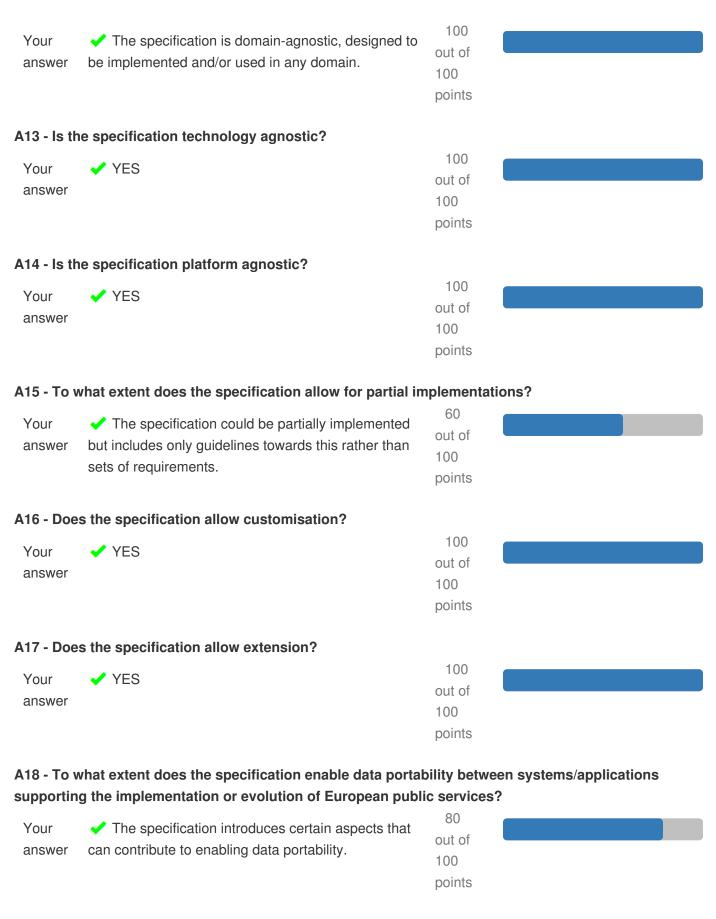
Your answer

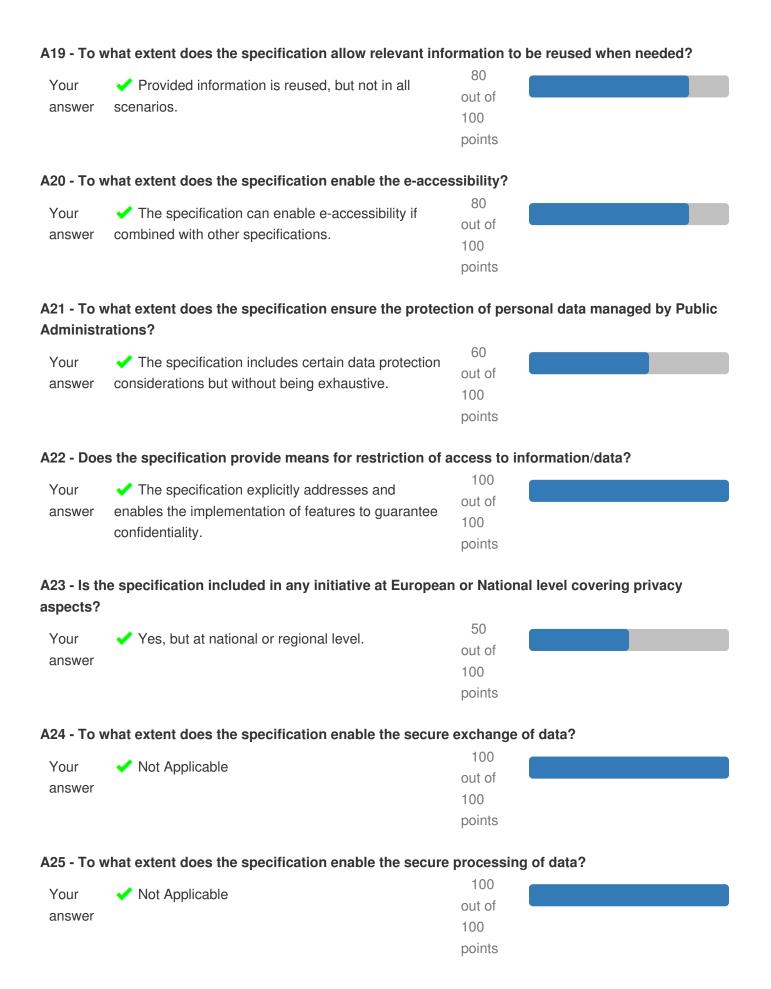
✓ Use of the specification is royalty-free and its Intellectual Property Right (IPR) policy or licence is aligned with Fair, Reasonable and Non-Discriminatory (F/RAND) principles.

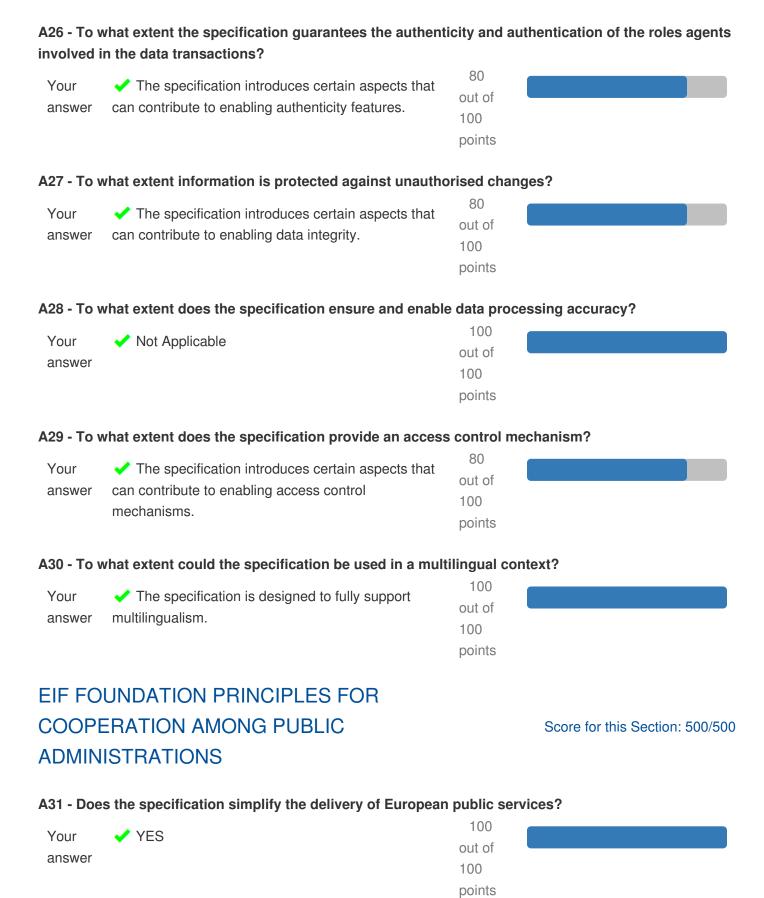
100 out of 100 points

A6 - To what extent is the specification sufficiently mature for its use in the development of digital solutions/services?

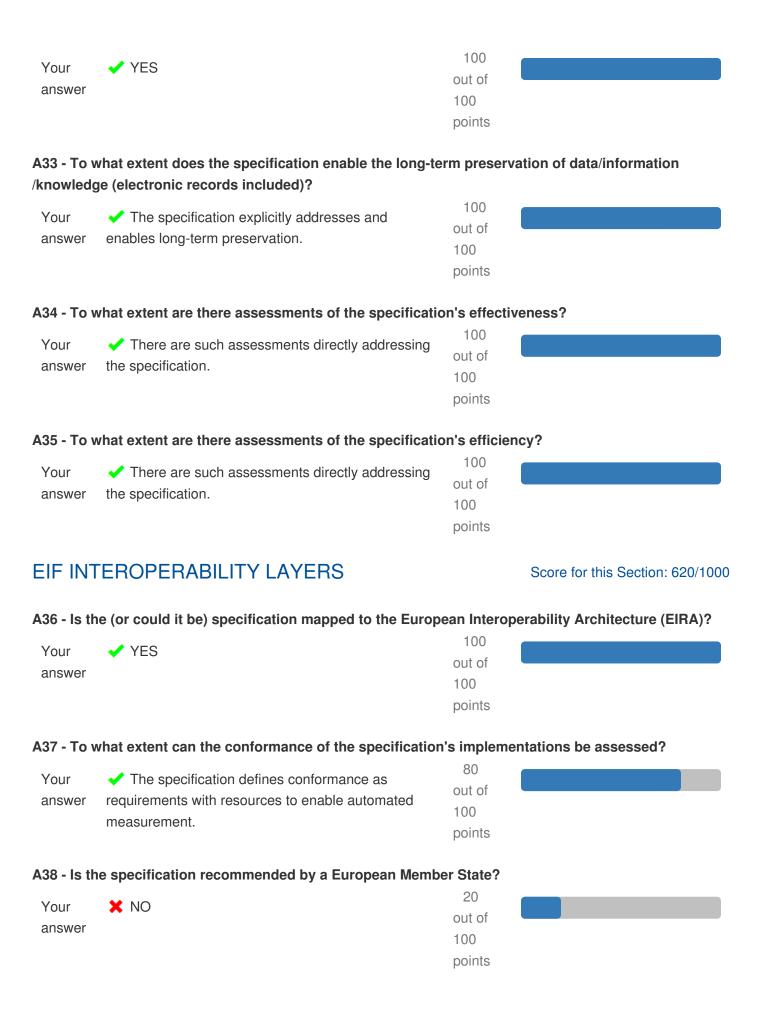


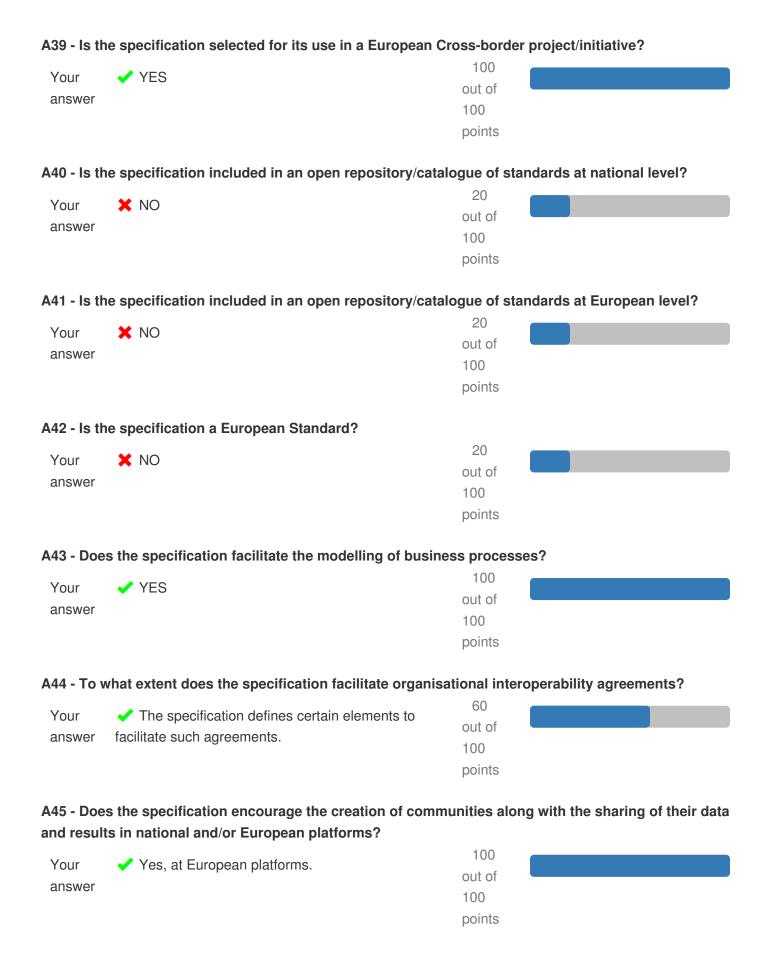






A32 - Does the specification enable digital service delivery channels?





Contact <u>DIGIT-CAMSS@ec.europa.eu</u>

CAMSS Joinup Page

Useful links CAMSS Library of Assessments

CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario - User Guide

Completed at 27/02/2025 09:20:44

Completion time -