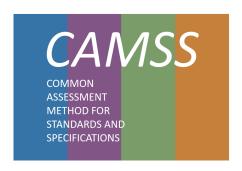
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CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario v5.0.0

Fields marked with * are mandatory.

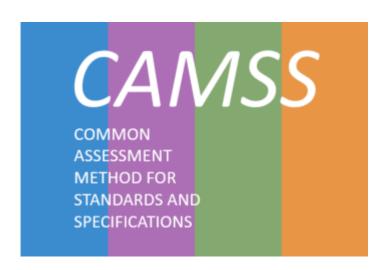
CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario v5.0.0



Release Date: 31/01/2022

Scenario Version: 5.0.0

INTRODUCTION



EIF Scenario

The European Interoperability Framework (EIF) provides guidance to public administrations on how to improve governance of their interoperability activities, establish cross-organisational relationships, streamline processes supporting end-to-end digital services, and ensure that existing and new legislation do not compromise interoperability efforts.

This CAMSS Scenario allows to assess the compliance of <u>interoperability specifications</u> with the EIF. The objective of the obtained assessment is to determine the suitability of the assessed interoperability specification for the delivery of interoperable European public services.

Background

<u>CAMSS</u> is the European guide for assessing and selecting standards and specifications for an eGovernment project, a reference when building an architecture, and an enabler for justifying the choice of standards and specifications in terms of interoperability needs and requirements. It is fully aligned with the European Standardisation Regulation 1025/2012.

The main objective of CAMSS is achieving interoperability and avoiding vendor lock-in by establishing a neutral and unbiased method for the assessment of technical specifications and standards in the field of ICT. This method will be compliant with Regulation 1025/2012 on European Standardisation.

While ICT solutions have specific characteristics at the political, legal, and organisational levels; semantic and technical interoperability are based mostly on technical specifications or standards. Within the context of the elaboration of their National Interoperability Frameworks, Member States organise the assessment of technical specifications or standards, in order to establish their national recommendations. Deciding on the recommended technical specifications or standards often calls for a resource-intensive and time-consuming assessment. In order to tackle this, the Digital Europe Programme (DEP) defines an action focused on the development of a common assessment method for standards and specifications (CAMSS).

The purpose of CAMSS is:

• to ensure that assessments of technical ICT specifications or standards and interoperability profiles are performed according to high and consistent standards;

- to ensure that assessments will contribute significantly to the confidence in the interoperability of systems implementing these specifications and profiles;
- to enable the reuse, in whole or in part, of such assessments;
- to continuously improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the assessment process for ICT technical specifications, standards, and interoperability profiles.

The expected benefits of the CAMSS are:

- Ensuring greater transparency throughout the selection of standards in the context of ICT strategies, architectures, and interoperability frameworks. This will be achieved through the establishment of a commonly agreed assessment method, assessment process, and a list of assessment attributes.
- Reducing resource and time requirements and avoiding duplication of efforts. (Partial) sharing of finalised assessments of standards and specifications.
- Allowing easier and faster assessments, and reusing the ones already performed through the creation and maintenance of a library of standards.

Your compliance level of the specification assessed depends on the scores you achieved in each section of the survey. Please see below the survey score conversion table below for guidance.

	Compliance Level					
Section	Ad-hoc	Opportunistic	Essential	Sustainable	Seamless	
Principles setting the context for EU Actions on Interoperability	20	40	50	80	90	
EIF Core Interoperability Principles	0 to 440	441 to 880	881 to 1320	1321 to 1760	1761 to 2200	
EIF Principles Related to generic user needs and expectations	0 to 100	101 to 200	201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500	
EIF Foundation principles for cooperation among public	0 to 100	101 to 200	201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500	

administrations

EIF

Interoperability
0 to 220
221 to 440
441 to 660
661 to 880
881 to 1100

The following table shows the 'compliance levels' that a specification can reach depending on the assessment score.

Compliance Level	Description
Ad-hoc	Poor level of conformance with the EIF - The specification does not cover the requirements and recommendations set out by the EIF in this area.
Opportunistic	Fair level of conformance with the EIF - The specification barely covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.
Essential	Essential level of conformance with the EIF - The specification covers the basic aspects set out in the requirement and recommendations from the European Interoperability Framework.
Sustainable	Good level of conformance with the EIF scenario - The specification covers all the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.
Seamless	Leading practice of conformance level with the EIF - The specification fully covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.

Contact: For any general or technical questions, please send an email to DIGIT-CAMSS@ec.europa.eu. Follow all activities related to the CAMSS on our CAMSS community page.

USER CONSENT

Disclaimer:

By no means will the Interoperability Specification assessment imply any endorsement of the EC to the assessed specification. Likewise, The use of CAMSS Tool implies that the user accepts that the EC is not liable on the assessment nor on any direct or indirect consequence/decision of such assessment.

CAMSS Tools are based on EU Survey, by accepting the CAMSS Privacy Statement the user also accepts EU Survey Privacy Statement and the Terms of use.

- * Please, fill in the mandatory* information to start the assessment
 - ▼I have read and agreed to the following CAMSS Privacy Statement: here
 - I agree to be contacted for evaluation purposes, namely to share my feedback on specific DEP solutions and actions and on the DEP programme and the European Interoperability Framework in general.

This assessment tool is licensed under the European Union Public License (EUPL)

Information on the information provider

Your La	ast name
CA	AMSS Team
Your Fi	irst Name
Your P	osition / Role
Your O	organisation
Ει	uropean Commission DG DIGIT
Your C	ontact phone number
your da	you like to be contacted for evaluation purposes in the context of your assessment? To see how ata is handled, please check again the Privacy statement here you would like to be contacted, please select "yes" and provide your email. Yes No
Contac	et Email
DIC	GIT-CAMSS@eu.europa.eu
<!--</td--><td>did you learn about CAMSS? DEP Programme (DEP website, DEP social media) Joinup (e.g., CAMSS Collection, Joinup social media) European Commission Public Administrations at national, regional or local level Standards Developing Organizations (SDOs) Other</td>	did you learn about CAMSS? DEP Programme (DEP website, DEP social media) Joinup (e.g., CAMSS Collection, Joinup social media) European Commission Public Administrations at national, regional or local level Standards Developing Organizations (SDOs) Other
If you a	answered "Other" in the previous question, please specify how:

Information on the specification

* Specification type	
Specification	
Standard	
Application Profile	
Family of Specification	
* Title of the specification	
OASIS ebXML RegRep	
* Version of the specification	
4.0	
* Description of the specification	
The ebXML specification may be used to implement registry and repository servers and clients using	
standard interfaces, protocols and information model for publishing, management, discovery and retrieval	of
arbitrary content and metadata that describes it.	
* URL from where the specification is distributed	
* URL from where the specification is distributed http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html	
http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html	
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Information on the assessment of the specification

Reason for the submission, the need and intended use for the specification
If any other evaluation of this specification is known, e.g. by member states or European Commission
projects, provide a link to this evaluation.
Considerations
Is the functional area of application for the formal specification addressing interoperability and eGovernment?
YES
O NO
Additional Info
ebXML fosters interoperability between digital services and contributes to the development of good
eGovernance.
EIF PRINCIPLES SETTING THE CONTEXT FOR EU ACTIONS ON
INTEROPERABILITY
This category is related to the first underlying principle ($\ensuremath{ \underline{UP}}$) of the EIF Subsidiarity and Proportionality
(UP1). The basis of this principle is to ensure that the EU Actions are taken or stated to improve national
actions or decisions. Specifically, it aims to know if National Interoperability Frameworks are aligned with the EIF.
Please note that some of the questions have a prefilled answer depending on the SDO. To ensure it,
please see that these questions include a help message that remarks it.
On the latter than and Duran author at the
Subsidiarity and Proportionality

* A1 - To what extent has the specification been included in a national catalogue from a Member State whose National Interoperability Framework has a high performance on interoperability according to National Interoperability Framework Observatory factsheets?

EIF Recommendation 1: Ensure that national interoperability frameworks and interoperability strategies are aligned with the EIF and, if needed, tailor and extend them to address the national context and needs.

This criterion assesses if the specifications have been included within the National Catalogues of Specifications of the Member States that are highly aligned with the higher level of performance in terms of interoperability.

The Digital Public Administration Factsheets uses three categories to evaluate the level of National Interoperability frameworks in accordance with the EIF. The three categories are 1. CONCEPTUAL MODEL FOR INTEGRATED PUBLIC SERVICES PROVISION; 2 INTEROPERABILITY LAYERS, and 3. INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES. National Interoperability Frameworks reports can be found here: https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/nifo-national-interoperability-framework-observatory/digital-public-administration-factsheets-2020

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification has not been included within the catalogue of any Member State.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a lower performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a middel-lower performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a middle-upper performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.
- The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a higher performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.

* Justification

ebXML is included in 2 national catalogues of recommended specifications. They belong to Germany and Norway. The National Interoperability Framework (NIF) of these Member States varies when aligned with the European Interoperability Framework (EIF) according to the National Interoperability Framework Observatory (NIFO) factsheets. While Norway performs well above the EU average, Germany shows an imbalanced level of implementation of the EIF Principles due the absence of data on this respect.

Catalogue reference Germany:

https://www.cio.bund.de/Web/DE/Architekturen-und-Standards/SAGA/SAGA%205-aktuelle%20Version/saga_5_aktuelle_version_node.html

Catalogue reference Norway:

https://www.difi.no/fagomrader-og-tjenester/digitalisering-og-samordning/standarder

NIFO factsheets:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/nifo-national-interoperability-framework-observatory/digital-public-administration-factsheets-2021

EIF CORE INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES

In this category, elements related to the core interoperability principles (UP) are encompassed, which are: openness (UP 2), transparency (UP3), reusability (UP4), technological neutrality, and data portability (UP5).

Openness

* A2 - Does the specification facilitate the publication of open data?

EIF Recommendation 2: Publish the data you own as open data unless certain restrictions apply

Relates to the ability of the specification to publish data as open data or not.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

According to the 5 star Open Data model suggested by Tim Berners-Lee about how to publish linked data, the second star corresponds to the availability of data as structured data. ebXML is a standard that proposes an XML-based infrastructure enabling the user to store data in a structured manner. Then, this specification supports the publication of data as open data.

ebXML reference, section 1:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.

html#__RefHeading__8798_474791649

Tim Berners-Lee 5-star schema for Open Data:

https://5stardata.info/en/

A2(a) - To what extent does the specification facilitate the publication of public data as open data?

EIF Recommendation 2: Publish the data you own as open data unless certain restrictions apply.

Relates to what degree of open data can reach the specification according to the main principles of 'open data". These principles are stated by Tim Berners-Lee in the 5-Stars approach: https://5stardata.info/en/

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification does not support the publication of data on the web, or does so but with a non-open licence.
- The specification supports publishing data on the web with an open licence and in a structured, machine-readable format.
- In addition to the previous question, the specification does not require proprietary software for the processing of its related data.
- In addition to the previous question, the specification is or incorporates open standards (e.g. W3C).
- In addition to the requirements stated in the previous answer, the specification supports published data as Linked Data.

Justification	l
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According to the 5 star Open Data model suggested by Tim Berners-Lee about how to publish linked data, the second star corresponds to the availability of data as structured data. ebXML is an XML family standard and therefore incorporates XML, allowing the publication of public data as open data.

ebXML reference, section 1:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.

html#__RefHeading__8798_474791649

Tim Berners-Lee 5-star schema for Open Data:

https://5stardata.info/en/

* A3 - To what extent do stakeholders have the opportunity to contribute to the development of the specification?

EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

Relates to in which measure the different stakeholders that a specification can benefit have the opportunity to participate in the working groups focused on the development of certain specifications.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There is no information on the working group of the specification.
- The working group is open to participation by any stakeholder but requires registration, fees, and membership approval.
- The working group is open to participation by any stakeholder but requires fees and membership approval.
- The working group is open to participation following a registration process.
- The working group is open to all without specific fees, registration, or other conditions.

* Justification

As defined on the OASIS ebXML Registry Technical Committee (TC), only TC members are involved in the development of the ebXML specification. External contribution to this committee is possible through open channels (see Mail Lists and Comments reference).

OASIS ebXML Registry Technical Committee reference:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/comments/index.php?wg abbrev=regrep

Mail Lists and Comments reference:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=regrep#feedback

* A4 - To what extent is a public review part of the release lifecycle?

EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

A public review consists of the public availability of the specification's draft for stakeholders to provide inputs for the improvement and fix of possible bugs.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- Specification releases do not foresee public reviews.

- Public review is applied to certain releases depending on the involved changes.
- All major releases foresee a public review.
- All major and minor releases foresee a public review but, during which, collected feedback is not publicly visible.
- All major and minor releases foresee a public review during which collected feedback is publicly visible.

As defined on the OASIS ebXML Registry Technical Committee (TC), only this TC is involved in the release lifecycle of the specification. External contribution to this committee is possible through the Comment List, where potential contributors may provide their feedback to members of the OASIS ebXML Registry TC. All contribution from TC members and others regarding the release lifecylce of the specification is publicly available in the TC archive.

OASIS ebXML Registry TC, Mail Lists and Comments section:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=regrep#feedback

Comment List reference:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/comments/index.php?wg_abbrev=regrep

OASIS ebXML Registry TC archive reference:

https://lists.oasis-open.org/archives/regrep/

* A5 - Is the specification available with any restrictions related to Fair, Reasonable, and Non-Discriminatory ((F)RAND)?

<u>EIF Recommendation 3:</u> Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

The FRAND basis relates to fair, reasonable, and non-discriminatory IPR disclosures.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

The OASIS Technical Committee, in charge of the development of ebXML, operates under RF (royalty-free) on RAND (reasonable and non-discriminatory) Mode of the OASIS IPR Policy. Therefore, the specification is licensed on a (F)RAND basis.

ebXML reference, Notice section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

OASIS Intellectual Property Rights Policy, section 10.2.2:

https://www.oasis-open.org/policies-guidelines/ipr/

* A6 - Is the specification licensed on a royalty-free basis?

EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

Additionally to the EIF's recommendation that refers to open-source software it applies to a specification in itself at any interoperability level (legal, organisational, semantic, or technical)

Not Answered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

The OASIS Technical Committee, in charge of the development of ebXML, operates under RF (royalty-free) on RAND (reasonable and non-discriminatory) Mode of the OASIS IPR Policy. Therefore, the specification is licensed on a Royalty-free.

OASIS Intellectual Property guidelines, section 5.2:

https://www.oasis-open.org/policies-guidelines/ipr/

* A7 - To what extent is the specification sufficiently mature for its use in the development of digital solutions/services?

EIF Recommendation 4: Give preference to open specifications, taking due account of the coverage of functional needs, maturity and market support, and innovation.

Maturity related to the stability of the specification, meaning that it has been evolved enough and mechanisms for its development have been put in place (Change Management processes, monitoring, etc.)

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification has no published releases and no publicly accessible information on its development state.
- The specification is under development without published releases.
- The specification is under development with published preview releases.
- The specification has published major releases but without public documentation on its supporting processes (e.g. change management and release management).
- The specification, in addition to having major releases available, has published documentation on its supporting processes (e.g. change management and release management).

* Justification

The ebXML specification was launched in 1999 jointly by OASIS and the United Nations Centre for Trade Facilitation and Electronic Business (United Nations/ECE agency CEFACT), and was known as the Global XML Framework for Electronic Business. ebXML v1.0 was published in 2001, ebXML v2.0 in 2002 under the ebXML RegRep TC, and approved as ISO 15000-2 and ISO 15000-3 in 2004. A major release (ebXML v3.0) appeared in 2005, including the documents ebXML Registry Information Model (RIM) v3.0 and ebXML Registry Services and Protocols (RS) v3.0 (respectively, Part 1 and Part 2). Finally, the latest version (ebXML v4.0) was published in 2012.

OASIS ebXML Registry TC reference, Announcements section:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc home.php?wg abbrev=regrep#announcements

ebxml.xml.org reference: http://ebxml.xml.org/milestones

* A8 - To what extent has the specification sufficient market acceptance for its use in the development of digital solutions/services?

EIF Recommendation 4: Give preference to open specifications, taking due account of the coverage of functional needs, maturity and market support, and innovation.

Relates to how the specification is supported by the market, taking as a reference whether or not the specifications are widely used or implemented. There is an exception, and it is when the specification is being used to create innovative solutions.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable The specification does not have market acceptance because it is directly used to create innovative solutions.
- There is no information about the specification's market uptake.
- The specification has known implementations but not enough to indicate market acceptance.
- The specification has widespread use indicating market acceptance.
- The specification has widespread use and relevant independent reports proving its market acceptance.
- The specification has widespread use, indicating market acceptance.

* Justification

The ebXML specification, as an enabler of electronic data interchange (EDI) functionalities over the Internet, has a wide-spread use in both private and public sectors. For instance, several initiatives in Europe have adopted the Universal Business Language (UBL), which is designed to be agnostic with respect to any EDI infrastructure and mapped to the ebXML core components, which proves the degree of usefulness of the specification and its suitability to be used in the development of digital solutions/services (see Joinup OASIS UBL reference).

Joinup OASIS UBL reference:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/eprocurement/solution/oasis-universal-business-language-ubl/about

ubl.xml.org reference:

http://ubl.xml.org/ebXML

* A9 - To what extent has the specification support from at least one community?

EIF Recommendation 3: Ensure a level playing field for open-source software and demonstrate active and fair consideration of using open source software, taking into account the total cost of ownership of the solution.

Related to whether or not communities are surrounding the specification at any level legal, organisational, semantic, or technical contributions to its enhancement and development.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There is no community linked to the specification.
- Specification support is available but as part of a closed community requiring registration and possibly fees.
- There is no specific community to support the specification but there are public channels for the exchange of help and knowledge among its users.
- There is a community providing public support linked to the specification but in a best-effort manner.

There is a community tasked to provide public support linked to the specification and manage its maintenance.

* Justification

OData is maintained and developed by OASIS, which is an international community developing open standards; specifically, by the Technical Committee (TC). The specification maintenance is transparent, and even if its development and the approval process is restricted to the specification TC, anyone can contribute by submitting feedback to the mailing list. All the contributions are publicly available.

Developer community OASIS:

https://www.oasis-open.org/org/

OASIS ebXML Registry Technical Committee reference:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=regrep

Transparency

* A10 - To what extent does the specification enable the visibility of administrative procedures, rules data, and services?

EIF Recommendation 5: Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification hinders visibility.
- The specification neither promotes nor hinders visibility.
- The specification can contribute and promote the visibility of administrations, but it is not its main purpose.
- The specification can enable the visibility of administrations if combined with other specifications.
- The specification actively promotes and supports visibility.

* Justification

ebXML provides a set of components enabling users (data users) to store and work with any type of electronic content, fostering the visibility of administrations. As well as providing an electronic data interchange model (that is, the ebRIM and the ebRS core components), the specification contributes and promotes to some degree to the visibility of public services' implementations (see ebXML reference, Conformance section). For instance, there is the ESPD-EDM on EU procurement, which relies on the Universal Business Language (UBL) mark-up language and facilitates the promotion and support of the ESPD service.

ebXML reference, Conformance section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.

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ESPD-EDM ebXML reference:

https://docs.ted.europa.eu/ESPD-EDM/3.0.1/xml technical handbook.html# adoption of ubl 2 3

* A11 - To what extent does the specification scope comprehensibly administrative procedures, rules data, and services?

EIF Recommendation 5: Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification hinders comprehensibility.
- The specification neither promotes nor hinders comprehensibility.
- The specification can contribute and promote the comprehensibility of administrations, but it is not its main purpose.
- The specification can scope the comprehensibility of administrations if combined with other specifications.
- The specification actively promotes and supports comprehensibility.

* Justification

ebXML provides a set of components enabling users (data users) to store and work with any type of electronic content, fostering the comprehensibility of administrations' rules and processes. As well as providing an electronic data interchange model (that is, the ebRIM and the ebRS core components), the specification contributes and promotes to the comprehensibility of public services' implementations (see ebXML reference, Conformance section). For instance, there there is the ESPD-EDM on EU procurement, which relies on the Universal Business Language (UBL) and facilitates the implementation of the ESPD service over the Member States.

ebXML reference, Conformance section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.

html# RefHeading 53396 365468741

ESPD-EDM ebXML reference:

https://docs.ted.europa.eu/ESPD-EDM/3.0.1/xml_technical_handbook.html#_adoption_of_ubl_2_3

* A12 - To what extent does the specification enable the exposure of interfaces to access the public administration's services?

EIF Recommendation 5: Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.

Relates to ensuring availability of interfaces with internal information systems. As the EIF defines: *Public administrations operate a large number of what are often heterogeneous and disparate information systems in support of their internal processes. Interoperability depends on ensuring the availability of interfaces to these systems and the data they handle. In turn, interoperability facilitates the reuse of systems and data and enables these to be integrated into larger systems.*

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents the exposure of such interfaces.
- The specification neither promotes nor hinders the exposure of such interfaces.
- The specification can contribute to the exposure of interfaces, but it is not its main purpose.
- The specification can enable the exposure of interfaces if combined with other specifications.
- The specification enables exposure of such interfaces.

* Justification

ebXML provides a set of components enabling users (data users) to store and work with any type of electronic content, fostering the comprehensibility of administrations' rules and processes. When combined with other specifications, ebXML can enable the exposure of interfaces. For example, the specification in combination with the ebXML Business Process Specification (ebXML CCTS ISO/TS 15000-5:2005) fosters interoperability between eForms and ESPD services (see ESPD-EDM UBL adoption reference).

ebXML reference, Conformance section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.

html# RefHeading 53396 365468741

ESPD-EDM UBL Codes and identifiers reference:

https://docs.ted.europa.eu/ESPD-EDM/3.0.1/xml technical handbook.html# compulsory attributes

* A13 - To what extent does the specification ensure the protection of personal data managed by Public Administrations?

<u>EIF Recommendation 5:</u> Ensure internal visibility and provide external interfaces for European public services.

Securing the right to the protection of personal data, by respecting the applicable legal framework for the large volumes of personal data of citizens, held and managed by Public administrations.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification hinders the protection of personal data.
- The specification does not address the protection of personal data but neither prevents it.
- The specification includes certain data protection considerations but without being exhaustive.
- The specification explicitly addresses data protection but without referring to relevant regulations.
- The specification explicitly addresses data protection and its alignment to relevant regulations.

* Justification

The purpose of ebXML RepReg is not related to the protection of personal data. Therefore, this criterion is not applicable to this specification.

ebXML reference, Notice section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

Reusability

* A14 - To what extent is the specification usable beyond the business-specific domain, allowing its usage across business domains?

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and share solutions, and cooperate in the development of joint solutions when implementing European public services.

Relates to the use of the specification beyond a specific business domain. E.g. a specification developed under the eHealth domain that can be used in other domains or not.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable

- The specification is tied to a specific domain and is restricted from being used in other domains.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but its use in other domains is difficult.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but could be partially used in other domains.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but could be used 'as-is' to other domains.
- The specification is domain-agnostic, designed to be used in any domain.

ebXML is originally associated to the electronic business domain, specially ebXML v1.0. Since the ebXML v2. 0 release, the specification started to be indistinctly used in any domain, although its implementation is usually associated to the business domain (see ebXML Business Process Specification reference).

OASIS ebXML Registry TC reference, Announcements section:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=regrep#announcements

ebxml.xml.org reference:

http://ebxml.xml.org/milestones

ebXML Business Process Specification reference:

https://docs.oasis-open.org/ebxml-bp/2.0.4/HTML/ebxmlbp-v2.0.4-Spec-cs-en.htm# Toc148506924

* A15 - To what extent is the specification usable beyond the business-specific domain, allowing its implementation across business domains?

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and share solutions, and cooperate in the development of joint solutions when implementing European public services.

Relates to the use of the specification beyond a specific business domain. E.g. a specification developed under the eHealth domain that can be used in other domains or not.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification is tied to a specific domain and is restricted from being implemented in other domains.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but its implementation in other domains is difficult.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but could be partially implemented in other domains.
- The specification is associated with a specific domain but could be implemented 'as-is' to other domains.
- The specification is domain-agnostic, designed to be implemented in any domain.

* Justification

ebXML is originally associated to the electronic business domain. However, the specification could be indistinctly implemented in other domains as the automobile domain (see ebXML application reference).

OASIS ebXML Registry TC reference, Announcements section:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc home.php?wg abbrev=regrep#announcements

ebxml.xml.org reference:

http://ebxml.xml.org/milestones

ebXML application reference:

http://ebxml.xml.org/resources

Technological Neutrality and Data Portability

* A16 - Is the specification technology agnostic?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs

Relates to the dependency of the specification to be implemented without relying on specific technologies or platforms.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON
- YES

* Justification

The ebXML specification is a family of XML-based standards that provides an open, XML-based infrastructure that enables the interoperable use of electronic business information. ebXML relies on XML, and therefore is not technology-agnostic.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

* A17 - Is the specification platform agnostic?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs

Relates to the dependency of the specification to be implemented without relying on specific technologies or platforms.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

The ebXML specification is a family of XML-based standards that provides an open, XML-based infrastructure that enables the interoperable use of electronic business information. In this sense, ebXML is independent of any platform because XML it is so. Therefore, ebXML is platform-agnostic.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

* A18 - To what extent does the specification allow for partial implementations?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

Partial implementations refer to the application of specifications, not in their whole, but part of the requirements or features it defines in the text.

It can also be understood as the implementation of different profiles, which is also related to a certain set of requirements depending on the context of implementation.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification is only meant to be used as a whole.
- The specification could be partially implemented but does not make specific provisions towards this.
- The specification could be partially implemented but includes only guidelines towards this rather than sets of requirements.
- The specification explicitly foresees sets of requirements that can be implemented incrementally.
- The specification explicitly foresees sets of requirements that can be implemented incrementally or separately.

* Justification

The ebRIM and ebRS core specifications constitute the implementation requirements of ebXML (see ebXML, Conformance reference). Each feature of the core components of the ebXML specification has a conformance requirement set for its implementation. By no means, their implementation is explicitly foreseen according to the ebXML documentation; moreover, there is no specific provision in order to do it separately.

ebXML reference, Conformance section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.

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* A19 - Does the specification allow customisation?

EIF Recommendation 8: Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

A clear example of customizations is Core Vocabularies, which define a set of general requirements that could fit in any context and allow for the customization to fit specific business requirements in the implementation.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON
- YES

* Justification

ebXML does not allow customisation nor provides any guidelines to customise any of the specification features.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

* A20 - Does the specification allow extension?

<u>EIF Recommendation 8:</u> Do not impose any technological solutions on citizens, businesses, and other administrations that are technology-specific or disproportionate to their real needs.

A clear example of customizations is Core Vocabularies, which define a set of general requirements that could fit in any context and allow for the customization to fit specific business requirements in the implementation.

Not Answered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

ebXML allows extensibility or the addition of plugins in the specification's ebRIM and ebRS components. Although such extensibility is limited to some of the ebRIM and ebRS features, ebXML RegRep 4.0 - Part 1 and Part 2 specify how extensibility may be achieved, that is, either by extending ebRIM or modifying the ebRS service interface. It is the case of the ebXML RegRep SWG specification (see ebXML RegRep SWG reference), which is an Open Geospatial Consortium's authoring of the ebXML specification and which deals with the use of geo-data in a variety of contexts.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

ebXML RegRep Part 1, Extending ebRIM section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/csprd01/regrep-core-rim-v4.0-csprd01.

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ebXML RegRep Part 2, Cataloguer Plugin section:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-rs-v4.0-os.

html# RefHeading 32575 422331532

ebXML RegRep SWG reference:

https://www.ogc.org/projects/groups/ebxmlregrepswg

* A21 - To what extent does the specification enable data portability between systems/applications supporting the implementation of European public services?

<u>EIF Recommendation 9:</u> Ensure data portability, namely that data is easily transferable between systems and applications supporting the implementation and evolution of European public services without unjustified restrictions, if legally possible.

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Not Applicable

The specification prevents or does not support data portability.

The specification neither addresses data portability nor prevents it.

The specification addresses data portability but without specific provisions to enable it.

The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling data portability.

The specification explicitly addresses and enables data portability.

Justification

An ebXML RegRep stores any type of electronic content, such as text documents, images, sound or video, and provides a set of protocols enabling data transfer among systems. For example, the ebXML specification has enabled the implementation of the e-SENS AS4 profile. Therefore, the specification enables data portability.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

e-SENS AS4 profile reference:

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/wikis/display/CEFDIGITAL/e-SENS+AS4+-+1.12

* A22 - To what extent does the specification enable data portability between systems/applications supporting the evolution of European public services?

EIF Recommendation 9: Ensure data portability, namely that data is easily transferable between systems and applications supporting the implementation and evolution of European public services without unjustified restrictions, if legally possible.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support data portability.
- The specification neither addresses data portability nor prevents it.
- The specification addresses data portability but without specific provisions to enable it.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling data portability.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables data portability.

* Justification

An ebXML RegRep stores any type of electronic content, such as text documents, images, sound or video, and provides a set of protocols enabling data transfer among systems. ebXML is an active asset in the development of The Once-Only Principle Project (TOOP project). Therefore, the specification enables data portability between systems supporting the evolution of European public services.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

TOOP project reference:

https://toop.eu/info

EIF PRINCIPLES RELATED TO GENERIC USER NEEDS AND EXPECTATIONS

This category includes all underlying principles from the EIF which are related to user needs. Principles included here are user-centricity (UP6), inclusion and accessibility (UP7), security and privacy (UP8), and multilingualism (UP9).

User-Centricity

* A23 - To what extent does the specification allow relevant information to be reused when needed?

EIF Recommendation 13: As far as possible under the legislation in force, ask users of European public services once-only and relevant-only information.

The Once-Only Principle is related to making the operations or transactions between administrations and stakeholders more efficient. It implies avoiding the provision of certain data or information twice or more when this information is already available for public administrations.

 $Additional\ and\ relevant\ information\ can\ be\ found\ here:\ \underline{https://ec.europa.eu/cefdigital/wiki/display/CEFDIGITAL}$

/Once+Only+Principle

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- Information needs to be provided whenever this is needed.
- There is limited reuse of provided information.
- Provided information is reused, but this is not consistently done.
- Provided information is reused, but not in all scenarios.
- Information is provided once-only and reused as needed.

* Justification

ebXML RegRep is used within the EU TOOP project, which is an enabler of the Once-Only Principle and has currently three pilot studies in progress. A pilot is the Peppol Tool Directory, which stores and indexes data from different providers for searcheability purposes.

Once-Only Principle reference:

https://ec.europa.eu/isa2/isa2conf18/once-only-principle-project-toop en

Peppol Tool Directory reference:

https://directory.acc.exchange.toop.eu/public/locale-en_US/menuitem-about

Inclusion and Accessibility

* A24 - To what extent does the specification enable the e-accessibility?

EIF Recommendation 14: Ensure that all European public services are accessible to all citizens, including persons with disabilities, the elderly, and other disadvantaged groups. For digital public services, public administrations should comply with e-accessibility specifications that are widely recognised at the European or international level.

Examples of specifications addressing e-accessibility are, for instance, WAI-ARIA (https://www.w3.org/WAI /standards-guidelines/aria/) included within Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) Overview (https://www.w3.org/WAI (https://www.w3.org/WAI) Overview (https://www.w3.org/WAI (https://www.w3.org/WAI) Overview (https://www.w3.org/WAI/standards-guidelines/wcag/).

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support e-accessibility.
- The specification neither addresses e-accessibility nor prevents it.
- The specification can contribute and promote e-accessibility, but it is not its main purpose.
- The specification can enable e-accessibility if combined with other specifications.

The specification explicitly addresses and enables e-accessibility.

* Justification

The purpose of ebXML is not related to te-accessiblity. Therefore, this criterion is not applicable to this specification.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

Security and Privacy

* A25 - To what extent does the specification enable the secure exchange of data?

<u>EIF Recommendation 15:</u> Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with citizens and businesses.

Relates to the actions that Public Administrations establish concerning sensitive information for the proper delivery of public services. The different actions imply the reception, classification, and exchange of such information.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the secure and trustworthy exchange of data.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling the secure exchange of data.
- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data exchange but does not foresee specific provisions to enable them.
- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data exchange but specific provisions to enable them are limited.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the secure and trustworthy exchange of data.

* Justification

The ebXML specification describes a set of security features of ebXML RegRep and incorporates different specifications to enable the secure exchange of data. For example, ebXML incorporates the WS-Security Core Specification (v1.1), which supports confidentiality of all ebXML RegRep protocols defined by this specification when those protocols are bound to SOAP.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

ebXML RegRep Part 2:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-rs-v4.0-os.

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* A26 - To what extent does the specification enable the secure processing of data?

EIF Recommendation 15: Define common security and privacy framework and establish processes for public services to ensure secure and trustworthy data exchange between public administrations and in interactions with

citizens and businesses.

Relates to the actions that Public Administrations establish concerning sensitive information for the proper delivery of public services. The different actions imply the reception, classification, and exchange of such information.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support the secure and trustworthy processing of data.
- The specification introduces certain aspects that can contribute to enabling the secure processing of data.
- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data processing but does not foresee specific provisions to enable them.
- The specification addresses data security and trustworthy data processing but specific provisions to enable them are limited.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables the secure and trustworthy processing of data.

* Justification

The ebXML specification describes a set of security features of ebXML RegRep and incorporates different specifications to enable the secure processing of data. According to the specification documentation, ebXML supports the management of authorized users of the ebXML service.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

ebXML RegRep Part 2:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-rs-v4.0-os.

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Multilingualism

* A27 - To what extent could the specification be used in a multilingual context?

EIF Recommendation 16: Use information systems and technical architectures that cater to multilingualism when establishing a European public service. Decide on the level of multilingualism support based on the needs of the expected users.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification cannot be used in a multilingual context.
- The specification could be used in a multilingual context but has no specific provisions to facilitate this.
- The specification foresees limited support for multilingualism.
- The specification foresees support for multilingualism but this is not complete.
- The specification is designed to fully support multilingualism.

* Justification

The purpose of ebXML is not related to the delivery of multilingual public services. Therefore, this criterion is not applicable to this specification.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

EIF FOUNDATION PRINCIPLES FOR COOPERATION AMONG PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONS

This category includes the criteria aiming to evaluate principles related to collaboration amongst public organisations, business, and citizens. This is related to the underlying principles of administrative simplification (UP10), preservation of information (UP11), and assessment of effectiveness and efficiency (UP12).

Administrative Simplification

* A28 - [Does the sp	pecification	simplify t	he delivery	of Europear	ı public services	§ ?
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EIF Recommendation 17: Simplify processes and use digital channels whenever appropriate for the delivery of
European public services, to respond promptly and with high quality to users' requests and reduce the
administrative burden on public administrations, businesses and citizens.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

ebXML boosts digitisation of data exchange and processing within organisations. It is the case of the Open source CPA toolkit, which is a web-service provider that simplifies business transactions, as it enables the creation of Collaboration Protocol Agreements (CPA).

Open source CPA toolkit reference:

http://ebxml.xml.org/news/open-source-cpa-toolkit

Joinup CPA toolkit reference:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/ict-security/solution/cpa-creation-toolkit

* A29 - Does the specification enable digital service delivery channels?

<u>EIF Recommendation 17:</u> Simplify processes and use digital channels whenever appropriate for the delivery of European public services, to respond promptly and with high quality to users' requests and reduce the administrative burden on public administrations, businesses and citizens.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

ebXML RegRep is an enabler of digital service delivery channels as the specification contributes to the adoption of Collaboration Protocol Agreements (CPA), which describes how trading partners engage in electronic business collaborations through the exchange of electronic messages (see OASIS CPA reference).

Open source CPA toolkit reference:

http://ebxml.xml.org/news/open-source-cpa-toolkit

Joinup CPA toolkit reference:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/ict-security/solution/cpa-creation-toolkit

CPA reference:

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc home.php?wg abbrev=ebxml-cppa

Preservation of Information

* A30 - To what extent does the specification enable the long-term preservation of data/information /knowledge (electronic records included)?

EIF Recommendation 18: Formulate a long-term preservation policy for information related to European public services and especially for information that is exchanged across borders.

Relates to the capacity of the specification to contribute to the long-term preservation of information.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification prevents or does not support long-term preservation.
- The specification neither addresses the long-term preservation nor prevents it.
- The specification addresses the long-term preservation of electronic resources (information, data, etc) in a limited manner.
- The specification addresses long-term preservation of electronic resources (information, data, etc), but not in a complete manner.
- The specification explicitly addresses and enables long-term preservation.

* Justification

ebXML RegRep is data preservation enabler. Specifically, the specification stores and indexes any type of electronic content and preserves it as defined in the ebXML Part 1 on the ebRIM (see ebXML Part 1 reference).

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

ebXML Part 1 reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-rim-v4.0-os.

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Assessment of Effectiveness and Efficiency

* A31 - To what extent are there assessments of the specification's effectiveness?

EIF Recommendation 19: Evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of different interoperability solutions and technological options considering user needs, proportionality, and balance between costs and benefits.

Related to the degree to which the specification is effective while using it. There are indirect methods to determine that the specification is effective, for instance then a solution that has an effective performance and uses the specification to deliver the expected service.

Effectiveness:	the extent to	which the sp	pecifications	reach the	expected	action	according	to its	purpose.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There are no such assessments.
- There are such assessments that indirectly address the specification.
- There are such assessments evaluating digital solutions' effectiveness that involve the specification.
- There are such assessments addressing the specification and its effectiveness together with other specifications.
- There are such assessments directly addressing the specification.

* Justification

There is no direct assessment on the effectiveness of the ebXML specification. However, according to the OASIS Technology Reports, several studies on different digital solutions from the public and private domain indirectly assess the specification's effectiveness.

OASIS Technology Reports reference: http://xml.coverpages.org/ebXML.html

* A32 - To what extent are there assessments of the specification's efficiency?

EIF Recommendation 19: Evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of different interoperability solutions and technological options considering user needs, proportionality, and balance between costs and benefits.

Related to the good use of time and resources not wasted unnecessarily by a specification being used. There are indirect methods to determine that the specification is efficient, for instance, a solution delivering a service with an efficient performance that uses the specification.

Efficiency: times and means needed to achieve the results using the specification.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- There are no such assessments.
- There are such assessments that indirectly address the specification.
- There are assessments evaluating digital solutions' efficiency that involve the specification.
- There are such assessments addressing the specification and its efficiency together with other specifications.
- There are such assessments directly addressing the specification.

There is no direct assessment on the efficiency of the ebXML specification. However, according to the OASIS Technology Reports, several studies on different digital solutions from the public and private domain indirectly assess the specification's efficiency.

OASIS Technology Reports reference:

http://xml.coverpages.org/ebXML.html

EIF INTEROPERABILITY LAYERS

This category is aligned with the related interoperability models described in the EIF and apply to all the public services. It includes six layers: interoperability governance, integrated public service governance, legal interoperability, organisational interoperability, semantic interoperability, and technical interoperability covered by criteria A2 to A10 under the Openness category.

Interoperability Governance

* A33 - Is the (or could it be) specification mapped to the European Interoperability Architecture (EIRA)?

EIF Recommendation 20: Ensure holistic governance of interoperability activities across administrative levels and sectors.

The EIRA defines the required capabilities for promoting interoperability as a set of Architecture Building Blocks (ABBs). The association of specification to these ABBs means the capacity to enable Legal, Organisational, Semantic, or Technical aspects needed for the development of interoperable public services. This association can be taken from ELIS the EIRA Library of Interoperability Specifications (ELIS) but also can be established ad-hoc.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

ebXML is already associated with EIRA ABBs in the EIRA Library Of Interoperability Specifications (ELIS). More specifically, ebXML can define the interoperability aspects of the Service Registration Service ABB of the

EIRA Technical View.

EIRA Library of Interoperability Specifications (ELIS):

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/solution/elis/release/v110

* A34 - To what extent can the conformance of the specification's implementations be assessed?

EIF Recommendation 21: Put in place processes to select relevant standards and specifications, evaluate them, monitor their implementation, check compliance and test their interoperability.

Relates to the implementation of the specification being conformant with the requirements established in the text of the specification. There are different methods to ensure the conformance of an implementation: check manually if the implementation meets the requirements in the specification text (if any), use additional methods or resources provided to this purpose or use specific tools provided by the SDO developing the specification.

NIat	Answered
INOL	Allsweieu

Not Applicable

The specification does not include a definition of conformance.

The specification defines conformance but not as a set of measurable requirements.

The specification defines conformance as requirements that can be measured manually.

The specification defines conformance as requirements with resources to enable automated measurement.

The specification is complemented by a conformance testing platform to allow testing of implementations.

* Justification

The ebXML specification provides guidelines to validate ebXML services. ebXML RegRep Part 2 proposes a validator plugin that evaluates any client's sever's ebXML conformance requirements.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-rs-v4.0-os.

html# RefHeading 32527 422331532

* A35 - Is the specification recommended by an European Member State?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at the national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

Recommended specifications are these specifications that the Member States provide as examples for the implementation of certain digital public services or for being used when procuring these digital public services or solutions.

Not	Answered

Not Applicable

ON O

YES

* Justification

There are two Member States recommending ebXML in their ICT National Catalogues. These Member States are Germany and Norway.

Catalogue reference Germany:

https://www.cio.bund.de/Web/DE/Architekturen-und-Standards/SAGA/SAGA%205-aktuelle%20Version/saga_5_aktuelle_version_node.html

Catalogue reference Norway:

https://www.difi.no/fagomrader-og-tjenester/digitalisering-og-samordning/standarder

CAMSS List of Standards:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/camss-list-standards

* A36 - Is the specification selected for its use in an European Cross-border project/initiative?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

The European Commission set up a process for the identification and assessment of specifications for its use in the development of IT solutions and also when procuring them. Find here the commission implementing decisions that include the specifications identified by the European Commission: https://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/ /european-standards/ict-standardisation/ict-technical-specifications en

Additionally, there could be other situations where a specification can be selected for European projects or initiatives out of the scope of the above-mentioned context. These specifications can be considered positively in this assessment.

	Not Answered
	Not Applicable
	NO
0	YES

* Justification

ebXML is part of several initiatives and projects at European level. The specification is included in The Once-Only Principle project (TOOP) and in different publi procurement initiatives (see Decision 2016/1765 reference).

TOOP project reference:

https://toop.eu/info

Decision (EU) 2016/1765 reference:

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32016D1765

* A37 - Is the specification included in an open repository/catalogue of standards at national level?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at the national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and share solutions, and cooperate in the development of joint solutions when implementing European public services.

	Not Answered
	Not Applicable
0	NO
0	YES

* Justification

The specification is included in two Member States' catalogues of recommended specifications. These Member States are Germany and Norway. Moreover, the specification is not mentioned in any other reference catalogue at European level.

Catalogue reference Germany:

https://www.cio.bund.de/Web/DE/Architekturen-und-Standards/SAGA/SAGA%205-aktuelle%20Version/saga_5_aktuelle_version_node.html

Catalogue reference Norway:

https://www.difi.no/fagomrader-og-tjenester/digitalisering-og-samordning/standarder

CAMSS List of Standards:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/camss-list-standards

* A38 - Is the specification included in an open repository/catalogue of standards at European level?

EIF Recommendation 23: Consult relevant catalogues of standards, specifications, and guidelines at the national and EU level, in accordance with your NIF and relevant DIFs, when procuring and developing ICT solutions.

EIF Recommendation 6: Reuse and share solutions, and cooperate in the development of joint solutions when implementing European public services.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

The ebXML specification is recommended in several European Commission Decisions for public procurement.

Public procurement reference:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/ict-standards-procurement/identified-ict-specifications-procurement

Legal Interoperability

* A39 - Is the specification a European Standard?

EIF Recommendation 27: Ensure that legislation is screened by means of 'interoperability checks', to identify any barriers to interoperability. When drafting legislation to establish a European public service, seek to make it consistent with relevant legislation, perform a 'digital check', and consider data protection requirements.

European Standards are those standards developed by certain organisations dedicated to this purpose. CEN, CENELEC, and ETSI are the principal organisations and all of them are developing their standards under the basis of meeting the requirements established within the European Standardisation Regulation. CEN-CENELEC homepage: https://www.cencenelec.eu/

WINDLAUSWEIG		Not	Answere
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- Not Applicable
- ON
- YES

After checking the different standard catalogues at supra-national level, there is no mention of ebXML in any official document stating its conformance in regards to Regulation 1025/2012.

ICT technical specifications:

https://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/european-standards/ict-standardisation/ict-technical-specifications en

CENELEC and CEN search tool catalogue:

https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=CEN:105::RESET::::

Organisational Interoperability

* A40 - Does the specification facilitate the modelling of business processes?

EIF Recommendation 28: Document your business processes using commonly accepted modelling techniques and agree on how these processes should be aligned to deliver a European public service.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

ebXML provides a set of components enabling users (data users) to store and work with any type of electronic content. The specification's ebRIM and ebRS components provides an ebXML infrastructure model, as well as a service interface contributing to this end. Therefore, ebXML facilitates the modelling of business processes.

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

* A41 - To what extent does the specification facilitate organisational interoperability agreements?

EIF Recommendation 29: Clarify and formalise your organisational relationships for establishing and operating European public services.

Relates to specifications' capacities to help and ease the creation and formalisation of Interoperability agreements. E.g. Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs), Services Level Agreements (SLAs).

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- The specification's definition hinders the drafting of such agreements.
- The specification makes no provisions that would facilitate the drafting of such agreements.
- The specification defines certain elements to facilitate such agreements.
- The specification defines most elements to facilitate such agreements.
- The specification explicitly identifies all elements to be used in drafting such agreements.

ebXML facilitates organisational interoperability agreements, since one of the specification's objectives is to boost interoperability within organisations. For example, ebXML enables the creation of Collaboration Protocol Agreement (CPA).

ebXML reference:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/regrep/regrep-core/v4.0/os/regrep-core-overview-v4.0-os.html

Joinup CPA toolkit reference:

https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/ict-security/solution/cpa-creation-toolkit

Semantic Interoperability

* A42 - Does the specification encourage the creation of communities along with the sharing of their data and results on national platforms?

EIF Recommendation 32: Support the establishment of sector-specific and cross-sectoral communities that aim to create open information specifications and encourage relevant communities to share their results on national and European platforms.

Relates to specifications that are narrowly related to the data/information being exchanged, its format, and structure. It would allow a common method/mechanism to improve its reuse and exchange removing possible limitations. An example of it could be RDF, which is used to describe information and its metadata using specific syntax and serialisation.

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

* Justification

The OASIS ebXML Core (ebCore) Technical Committee promotes the sharing of data and results and helps accelerate the specification adoption throughout the international community, particularly within government agencies. In this sense, the specification encourages both the creation of communities and the sharing of their data and results on national platforms.

OASIS ebXML Core (ebCore) Technical Committee reference: https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc home.php?wg abbrev=ebcore

* A43 - Does the specification encourage the creation of communities along with the sharing of their data and results on European platforms?

EIF Recommendation 32: Support the establishment of sector-specific and cross-sectoral communities that aim to create open information specifications and encourage relevant communities to share their results on national and European platforms.

Relates to specifications that are narrowly related to the data/information being exchanged, its format, and structure. It would allow a common method/mechanism to improve its reuse and exchange removing possible

limitations.	An example	e of it could be	RDF,	which	is use	d to	describe	information	and its	metadata	using	specific
syntax and	l serialisation	٦.										

- Not Answered
- Not Applicable
- ON O
- YES

The OASIS ebXML Core (ebCore) Technical Committee promotes the sharing of data and results and helps accelerate the specification adoption throughout the international community, particularly within government agencies. In this sense, the specification encourages both the creation of communities and the sharing of their data and results on international platforms.

OASIS ebXML Core (ebCore) Technical Committee reference: https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=ebcore

Useful links

CAMSS Joinup Page (https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss)

<u>CAMSS Library of Assessments (https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/camss-assessments-library)</u>

<u>CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario - User Guide (https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/collection/common-assessment-method-standards-and-specifications-camss/solution/camss-assessment-eif-scenario/camss-assessment-eif-scenario-quick-user-guide)</u>

Contact

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CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario v5.0.0 - Results

CAMSS Assessment Result

Thank you for your contribution.

The score of the specification related to the scenario under which it is being evaluated depends on the scores achieved in each section of the survey. Please see the example below for guidance.

The following table shows the 'compliance levels' that a specification can reach depending on the assessment score.

EIF Scenario Compliance Level Conversion Table

			Compliance Level		
Section	Ad-hoc	Opportunistic	Essential	Sustainable	Seamless
Principles setting the context for EU Actions on Interoperability	20	40	50	80	90
EIF Core Interoperability Principles	0 to 440	441 to 880	881 to 1320	1321 to 1760	1761 to 2200
EIF Principles Related to generic user needs and expectations	0 to 100	101 to 200	201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500

elf Foundation principles for cooperation among public administrations	0 to 100	101 to 200	201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500	
EIF						
Interoperability Layers	0 to 220	221 to 440	441 to 660	661 to 880	881 to 1100	

The table below expresses the range of the score per section. When used in combination with the table above, the total score can be interpreted. See the example below for guidance.

Section Compliance Conversion Table

Compliance Level		Description		
	Ad-hoc	Poor level of conformance with the EIF - The specification does not cover the requirements and recommendations set out by the EIF in this area.		
	Opportunistic	Fair level of conformance with the EIF - The specification barely covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.		
	Essential	Essential level of conformance with the EIF - The specification covers the basic aspects set out in the requirement and recommendations from the European Interoperability Framework.		
	Sustainable	Good level of conformance with the EIF scenario - The specification covers all the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.		
	Seamless	Leading practice of conformance level with the EIF - The specification fully covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.		

Example – How to find the final Compliance Level

Using the score reached after the initial assessment, the interpretation can be made as follows.

- 1. In the summary table, observe the score for each section, e.g. EIF Core Interoperability Principles has 2200 points.
- 2. In the middle table the Section Compliance Conversion Table see that this number correlates to a column. In our example, the 2200 points of Core Interoperability Principles fall in the EIF Core Interoperability Principles row, and '1761 to 2200' point range, placing it in the column 'Compliance **Seamless**'.

3. Next, in the top table – the EIF Scenario Compliance Level Conversion Table – we see Compliance Level " **Seamless**", and from its description that the specification for the EIF Core Interoperability Principles 'fully covers the requirements and recommendations set out by the European Interoperability Framework in this area.'.

For additional calculation of the assessment strength, please follow the instruction provided in the User Guide, found here.

Summary



Section	Score fo	or this Section
EIF PRINCIPLES SETTING THE CONTEXT FOR EU ACTIONS ON INTEROPERABILITY	100 /100	
EIF CORE INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES	1860 /2200	
EIF PRINCIPLES RELATED TO GENERIC USER NEEDS AND EXPECTATIONS	500 /500	
EIF FOUNDATION PRINCIPLES FOR COOPERATION AMONG PUBLIC ADMINISTRATIONS	380 /500	
EIF INTEROPERABILITY LAYERS	1000 /1100	

Scores by Question

A1 - To what extent has the specification been included in a national catalogue from a Member State whose National Interoperability Framework has a high performance on interoperability according to National Interoperability Framework Observatory factsheets?

Your answer

✓ The specification has been included within the catalogue of a Member State with a higher performance than stated in the Digital Public Administration Factsheets from the NIFO.

100 out of 100 points

EIF CORE INTEROPERABILITY PRINCIPLES

Score for this Section: 1860/2200

A2 - Does the specification facilitate the publication of open data?

Your ✓ YES answer

100 out of 100

points

A2(a) - To what extent does the specification facilitate the publication of public data as open data?

Your In addition to the previous question, the answer specification is or incorporates open standards (e.g. W3C).

80 out of 100 points

points

A3 - To what extent do stakeholders have the opportunity to contribute to the development of the specification?

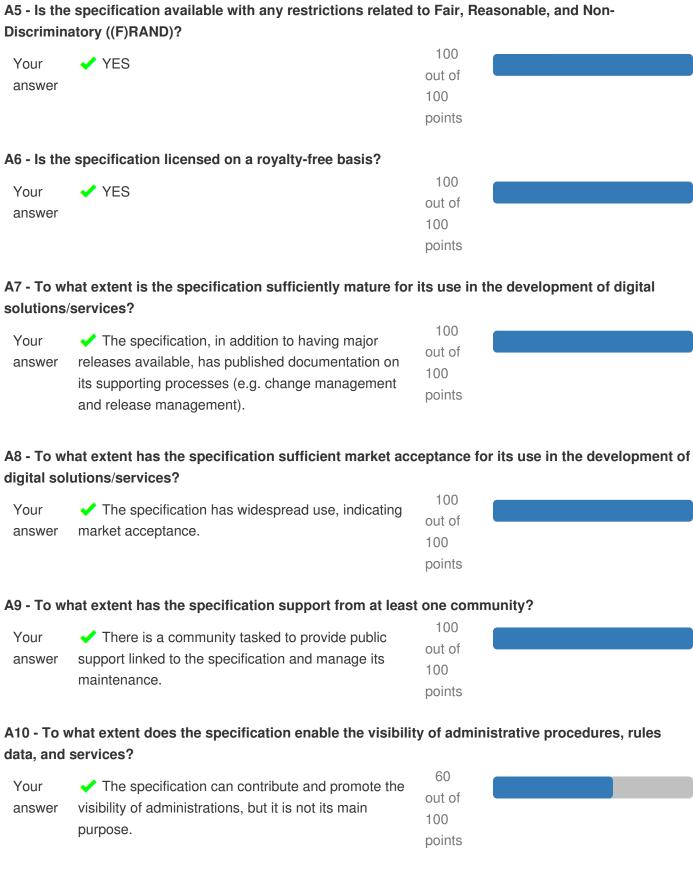
Your The working group is open to participation answer following a registration process.

80 out of 100 points

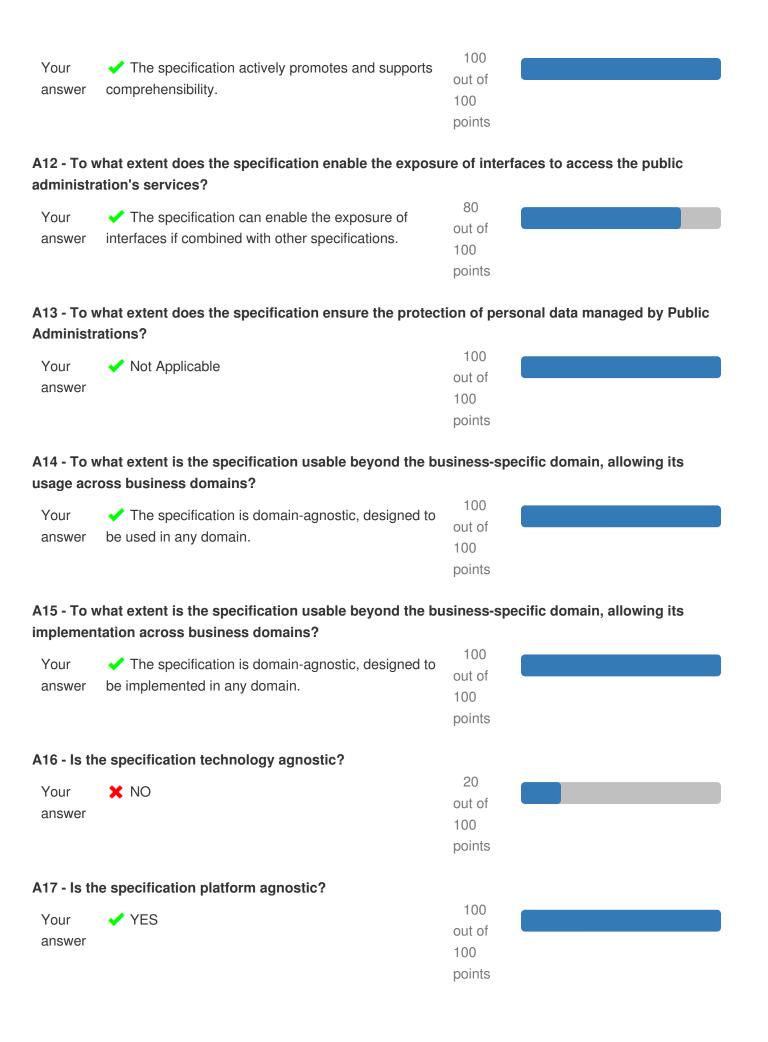
A4 - To what extent is a public review part of the release lifecycle?

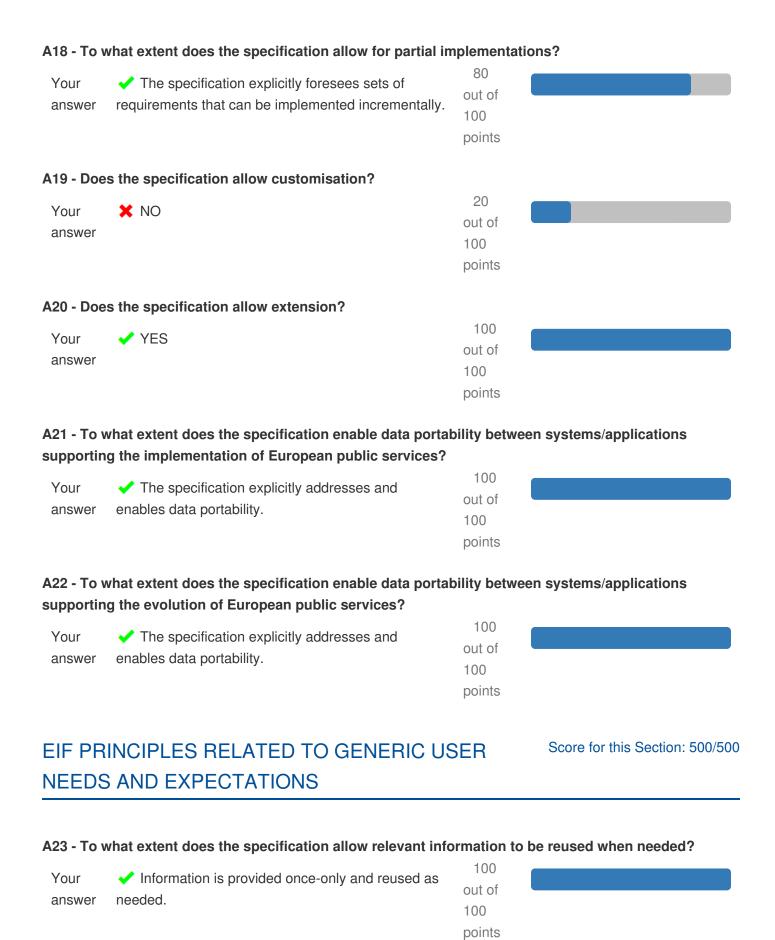
Your
Public review is applied to certain releases answer depending on the involved changes.

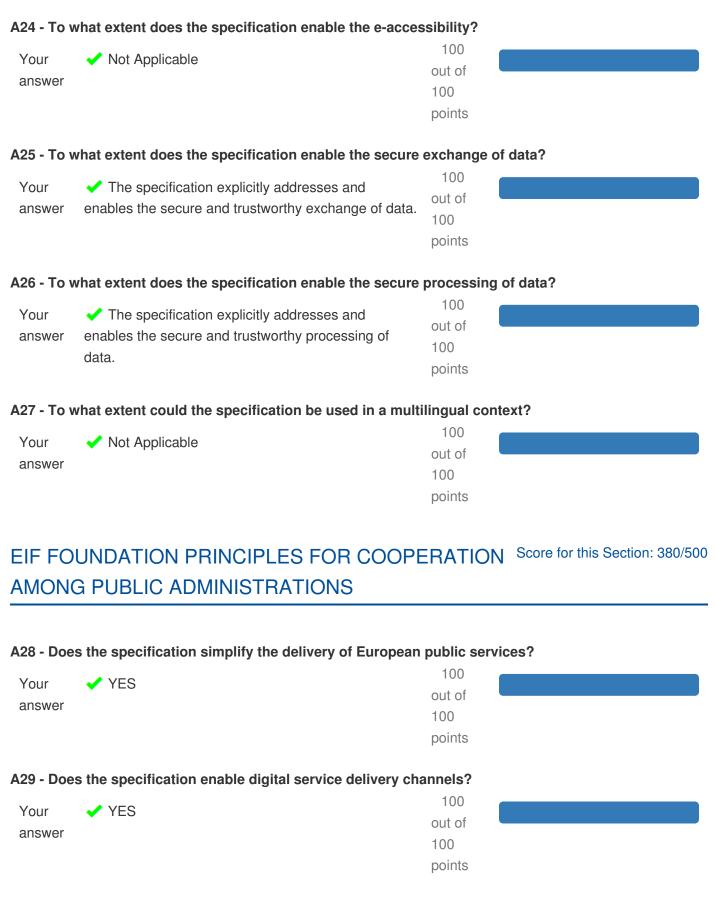
40 out of 100



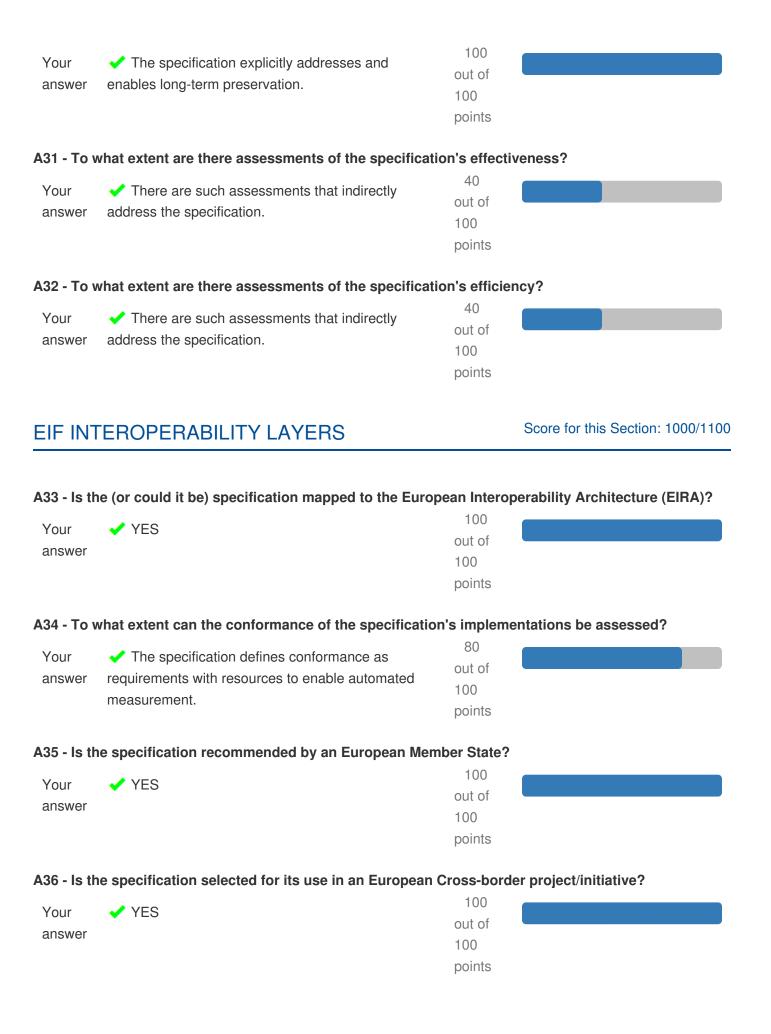
A11 - To what extent does the specification scope comprehensibly administrative procedures, rules data, and services?

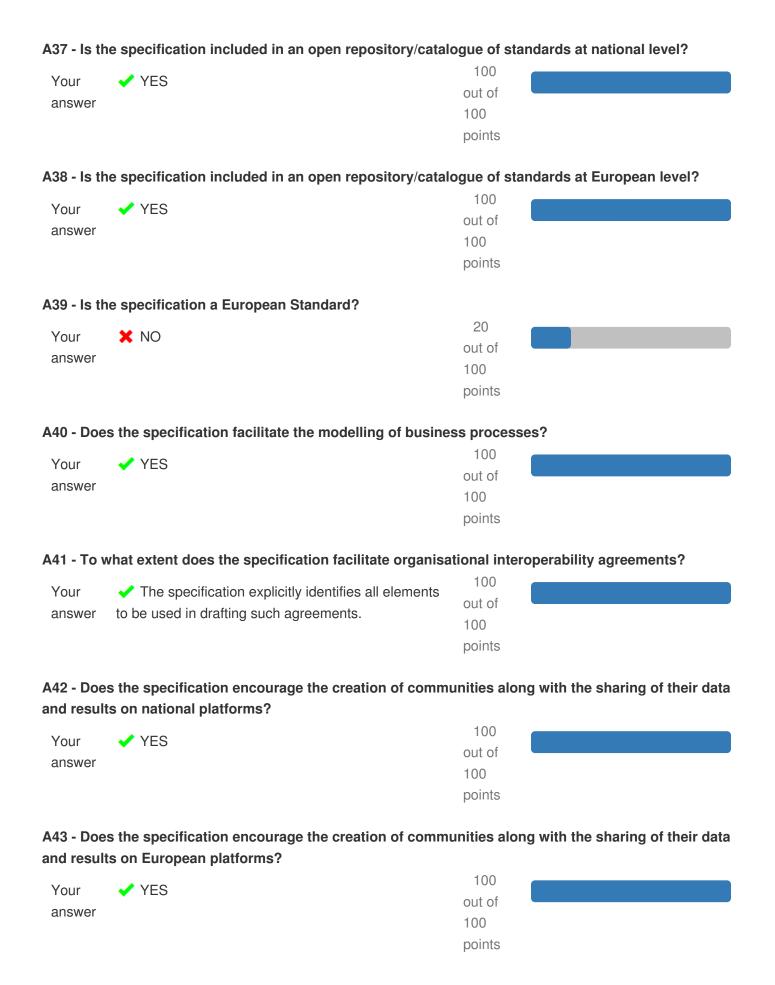






A30 - To what extent does the specification enable the long-term preservation of data/information /knowledge (electronic records included)?





Contact <u>DIGIT-CAMSS@ec.europa.eu</u>

CAMSS Joinup Page

Useful links CAMSS Library of Assessments

CAMSS Assessment EIF Scenario - User Guide

Contribution ID a1bbf220-63db-4356-b225-8b82c86f14bc

Completed at 31/03/2022 13:10:06

Completion time -