TIMAPS VALUE PROPOSITION



Technical Interoperability Maturity Assessment of a Public Service



What is TIMAPS?

Technical interoperability refers to systems and services that link applications and infrastructures (via interfaces, data integration services and secure communication protocols).

- TIMAPS is an online self-assessment tool that allows public service owners to evaluate the behavioral interoperability maturity of their digital public services from the technical interoperability viewpoint.
- TIMAPS provides an interoperability maturity score combined with recommendations and good practices for improving the overall technical behavioral interoperability maturity of digital public services.



TIMAPS Conceptual Model

- The TIMAPS conceptual model describes all possible instances where interoperability with the outside world may occur from the digital public service viewpoint.
- It distinguishes between the internal domain (the internal service management) and the external domain (the digital public service uses/consumes existing services and exposes the produced service to thirds).



?) For whom is TIMAPS relevant?

- IT Requirements Managers | to analyse and assess the functionalities of a To-Be digital public service.
- ITArchitects | to design, develop and assess an interoperable software solution for a digital public service.
- IT experts | to get insights on the future technical necessities and possibilities for a digital public service.





What is in for you?

- Ensures alignment of a digital public services with the standards of the European Interoperability Framework (EIF).
- TIMAPS provides insight into the current interoperability maturity, as well as guidance for the design of future digital public services.
- TIMAPS can be used for assessing the legal interoperability of any digital public service in the EU e.g. assessment of an eGovernment portal that uses open standards such as XML, SQL and HTML.



Digital Public Service Components

The TIMAPS assessment captures three different service areas:

- Service Identification: scopes the digital public service e.g. service outcome, service owner, administrative level, etc.
- Service Delivery: focuses on the technical means for the delivery of the digital public service to its end users or other services e.g. data exchange patterns, technical documentation, etc.
- Service Consumption: focuses on the technical means for the consumption of the digital public service from other services e.g. channels, integration, etc.

