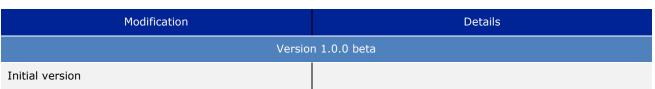




e-Procurement notifying Solution Architecture Template (SAT)

# **Change control**





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## **1** INTRODUCTION

This document contains the description for a Solution Architecture Document (SAT) for the e-Procurement *notifying* business capability.

This SAT is based on EIRAv2.0.0, which is aligned with ArchiMate® 3.0.

The ArchiMate source are embedded in this document in the "Archi format" as well as in "The Open Group ArchiMate Model Exchange File Format".





notifying v1.0.0 beta

### **1.1** Purpose of this document

Enterprise and Solution architects can use this document to design solution architectures in the domain of e-Procurement notifying business capability.

Table 1-1

#### 1.2 List of acronyms used in this document

Architecture Building Block ABB **Business Interoperability Interfaces** BII Contracting Authority CA **Connecting Europe Facility** CEF Comité Européen de Normalisation (European Committee for Standardization) CEN CEN Technical Committee 440 - Electronic Public Procurement CEN TC 440 European Interoperability Reference Architecture **EIRA** Economic Operator(s) ΕO General Data Protection Regulation GDPR Human Interface ΗI Interoperable European Solution IES Interoperability solutions for public administrations, businesses and citizens ISA<sup>2</sup> Machine to Machine Interface MMI Solution Architecture Template SAT Solution Building Block SBB Universal Business Language UBL

## **2 GOAL, DESCRIPTION AND TARGET AUDIENCE**

This chapter gives the goals and a description on e-Procurement notifying business capability and indicates the target audience and their potential use of this Solution Architecture Template (SAT).

## 2.1 Goal

The purpose of this SAT is to provide guidance by defining a minimal, but holistic (legal, organisational, semantic and technical) interoperability architecture in the domain of e-Procurement notifying business capability. This SAT should allow businesses, citizens and public administrations to have a common understanding of the most-salient building blocks.

### 2.2 What is e-Procurement notifying business capability?

The notifying business capability of e-Procurement concerns the information exchange, publication and dissemination of notices related to procurement opportunities such as Prior Information Notices, Contract Notices and Contract Award Notices.

### 2.3 What is a solution architecture template (SAT)

A Solution Architecture Template (SAT) is a specification extending the EIRA providing support to solution architects in a specific solution domain. An SAT contains a motivation (principles, requirements), a goal and a description of the supported functionalities, a sub-set of the EIRA core Architecture Building Blocks (ABBs) covering the four views, a set of specific ABBs extending EIRA's views enabling specific functionalities to be provided by implementations derived from the SAT and the interoperability specifications of selected ABBs and a narrative for each EIRA view.

The benefits of a SAT are the following:

- Provides architects with a common approach to cope with a specific interoperability challenge. It also places the focus on the key-points you need to consider.
- A solution architect can create a solution architecture by mapping existing Solution Building Blocks (SBBs) to an SAT, based on the interoperability specifications that are provided. This is done by providing SBBs for the ABBs identified in the SAT.
- When an architect creates an SAT, he/she can define the interoperability specifications for the SAT's ABBs and moreover recommend specific SBBs which produces faster and more interoperable results.
- An SAT can be created within and across the different views of the EIRA. An SAT can then support architects specialised in different interoperability levels."

## 2.4 Target audience

This document has the following target audience:

Table 2-1

Audience	Description
Solution Architect	Solution architects in the need of understanding, implementing, or describing an e-Procurement notifying solution
Policy maker	Policy makers studying the implications due to policy changes in the area of e-Procurement, notifying part

Public Administration / Members States Public Administrations of the European Union that need to have a holistic view of the e-Procurement, notifying part interoperability architecture

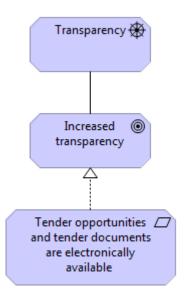
## **3** E-PROCUREMENT NOTIFYING INTEROPERABILITY MAPPED TO THE EIRA

This chapter contains for each EIRA view the corresponding ArchiMate model and narrative. Next to the SAT's EIRA architecture building blocks, the ArchiMate model includes, where applicable, the related specifications, principles and requirements.

The models have been scaled down to fit with the text, they are included in bigger format in the appendix.

### **3.1** ArchiMate Motivation extension

The following specific requirement complements the general ones specified in the e-Procurement core SAT and must be respected by the e-Procurement notifying solution: *tender opportunities and tender documents are electronically available*.



### 3.2 How to use this SAT

The present SAT is specifically related to the notifying business capability of e-Procurement. The present document has to be used in complement to the SAT related to e-Procurement.

Indeed:

- The e-Procurement core SAT focuses on the architecture that is common to all e-Procurement business capabilities.
- The present e-Procurement notifying SAT addresses the architecture that is specific to the notifying business capability.

Said in other words, the e-Procurement core SAT provides the foundation for the core e-Procurement, while the present SAT complements it by addressing the e-Procurement notifying specificities.

A solution architect that uses the two Solution Architecture Templates typically wants to perform a gap-analysis between an existing solution and these SATs, or he/she wants to model a solution in the domain of e-Procurement notifying and uses the two SATs as guidance.

## 3.2.1 e-Procurement notifying Gap Analysis use case

Using the two *e-Procurement core* and *e-Procurement notifying* SATs for gap analysis, the solution architect can map the building blocks of the solution to the ones in the two SATs and identify which building blocks are missing. These building blocks can either indicate missing functionality or missing interoperability specifications.

### 3.2.2 e-Procurement notifying Building a solution architecture use case

When building a solution architecture, the solution architect is expected to use the four different EIRA views in the two *e-Procurement core* and *e-Procurement notifying* SATs and provide a solution in the form of Solution Building Blocks (SBBs) for the Architecture Building Blocks (ABBs) that are indicated. This is done by replacing the Architecture Building Block (ABB) with an annotated Solution Building Block (SBB). The existing Solution Building Blocks in the two SATs should not be removed and replaced. However, the acknowledgement of reusing these building blocks can be done by removing the ABBs which they specialise.

Interoperability Specifications (IoP specs) are added as specialisation of an Interoperability ABB, implemented in the form of an SBB and attached to an ABB as interoperability requirements. The final solution should only contain the implementation (the SBB) of the IoP Spec

The result will be a solution architecture that will contain only SBBs, all ABBs should have been removed (in the case this SAT already provides SBBs for this ABB) or replaced by SBBs (solutions that implement that ABB).



The SAT is a document describing the needed Architecture Building Blocks for a desired solution. This should not be taken as restrictive but as advisory. When an Architecture Building Block (ABB) is present for which there is no implementation foreseen in the form of a Solution Building Block (SBB), it is *strongly* recommended, but not mandatory, to take this ABB into consideration in the final solution.

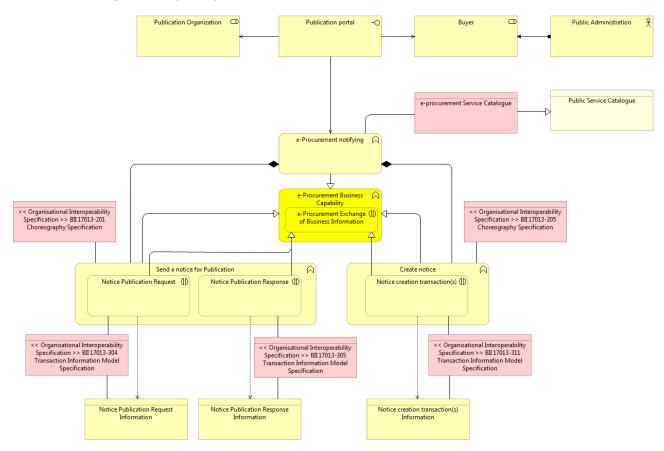
## **3.3 e-Procurement notifying Legal View**

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Legal View in comparison with the e-Procurement core Legal View provided in the e-Procurement core SAT. The core Legal View specified in the e-Procurement core SAT applies.

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Legal View in comparison with the e-Procurement core Legal View provided in the e-Procurement SAT.

## 3.4 e-Procurement notifying Organisational View

The Organisational view for the e-Procurement notifying business capability consists in the following sub-set of EIRA Architecture Building Blocks (ABBs) as well as a number of predefined Solution Building Blocks (SBBs):



The e-Procurement notifying Business Capability is provided using the Publication portal Service Delivery Model "*to publish a notice*" and is listed in the e-Procurement Service Catalogue. A European, National or Regional publication portal (e.g. the Tenders Electronic Daily) offers the possibility to Contracting Authorities (Buyers) to publish a notice for a business opportunity or an award of a business opportunity. The contracting authority sends the information about the business opportunity to the publication portal. The publication portal publishes this data in a standardized form.

The Publication portal is used by the Buyer to exchange, publish and disseminate the notices.

The e-Procurement notifying Business Capability is made up of the following refined Business Capabilities:

1. Send a Notice for Publication

This Business Capability implies the following Exchanges of Business Information:

- a. Notice Publication Request
- b. Notice Publication Response
- 2. Create Notice

Only one Exchange of Business Information is defined for this Business Capability:

a. Notice Creation Transaction(s)

The following table lists the Organisational Interoperability Specifications applying to the Business Capabilities and Exchanges of Business Information:

Business Capability and Exchange of Business Information	Organisational Interoperability Specification
Send a Notice for Publication	BII 17013-201
Notice Publication Request	BII 17013-304
Notice Publication Response	BII 17013-305
Create notice	BII 17013-205
Notice creation transaction(s)	BII 17013-311

#### Table 3-1

#### Send a notice for Publication

Send a notice for publication choreography describes a process and its variants by which a contracting body or his representative sends a notice to a publication body for publication. It is intended to support transmission of electronic documents for processing in (semi-)automated processes by the receiver.

#### Create notice

Create notice choreography describes the process the communication between a contracting body or his representative and a publication body to publish a notice. It cater also for providing the possibility for the publisher to request/suggest corrections to the notice and the possibility to publish a notice or in the case of a confidential notice to file it.

#### **Prior Information Notice**

Prior information notice BII transaction provides the set of interoperability specifications to support the electronic exchange of the content of a prior information notice. The prior information notice is used to announce an upcoming market opportunity or to announce an opportunity under certain conditions.

#### **Contract Notice**

Contract notice BII transaction provides the set of interoperability specifications to support the electronic exchange of the content of a contract notice. - The contract notice is used to announce business opportunities in public procurement procedures.

#### **Contract Award Notice**

Contract notice BII transaction provides the set of interoperability specifications to support the electronic exchange of the content of. The contract award notice is used to announce the results of public procurement procedures.

#### **Notice Publication Request**

Notice publication request BII transaction provides the set of interoperability specifications to support the electronic exchange of information required by the publisher to request the creation of a notice and/or suggest corrections to the notice.

#### **Notice Publication Response**

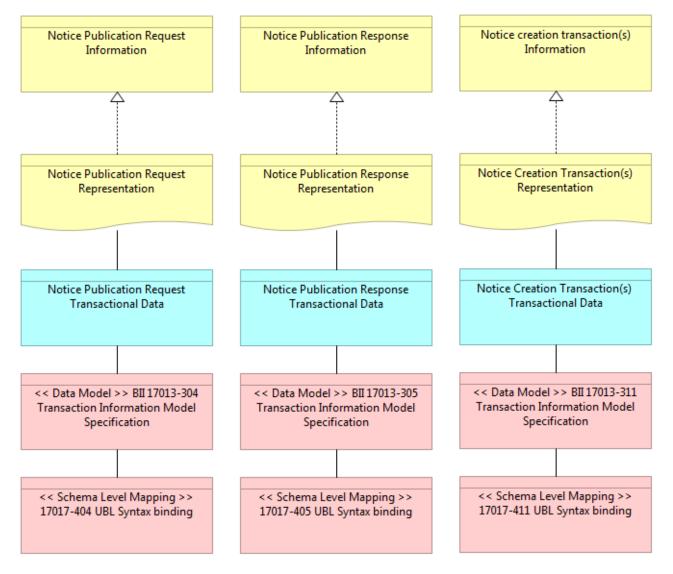
Notice Publication Response BII transaction provides the set of interoperability specifications to support the electronic exchange of information required by the requestor in response to his notice publication request.

#### Notice publication status information

Notice publication status information BII transaction provides the status about the published business opportunity.

## 3.5 e-Procurement notifying Semantic View

The Semantic view of this SAT consists of the following sub-set of EIRA Architecture Building Blocks (ABBs) as well as a number of predefined Solution Building Blocks (SBBs):



The Transactional Data ABBs represent at the semantic point of view the business information exchanged at the organisational point of view.

Consequently, there are 3 Transactional Data ABBs in the e-Procurement notifying semantic view:

- 1. Notice Publication Request
- 2. Notice Publication Response
- 3. Notice Creation Transaction(s)

Each Transactional Data is defined in a Data Model SBB, the BII Transaction Information Model Specification, itself associated to a Schema Level Mapping SBB, the UBL Syntax Binding specification.

These are listed in the following table:

Transactional Data	Transaction Information Model Specification	UBL Syntax Binding
Notice Publication Request	BII 17013-304	17017-404
Notice Publication Response	BII 17013-305	17017-405
Notice creation transaction(s)	BII 17013-311	17017-411

#### Table 3-2

### **3.6 e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Application**

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Application in comparison with the e-Procurement core Technical View – Application provided in the e-Procurement core SAT. The core Technical View – Application specified in the e-Procurement core SAT applies.

The Representations of Transactional Data that the MMI presented in the e-Procurement core SAT has to process are the ones shown in the specific Semantic View shown in the previous paragraph of the present document.

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Application in comparison with the e-Procurement core Technical View – Application provided in the e-Procurement SAT.

## 3.7 e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Infrastructure

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Infrastructure in comparison with the e-Procurement core Technical View – Infrastructure provided in the e-Procurement core SAT. The core Technical View – Infrastructure specified in the e-Procurement core SAT applies.

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Infrastructure in comparison with the e-Procurement core Technical View – Infrastructure provided in the e-Procurement SAT.

## **4 REFERENCES**

The references listed in the e-Procurement core SAT apply.

## **5 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

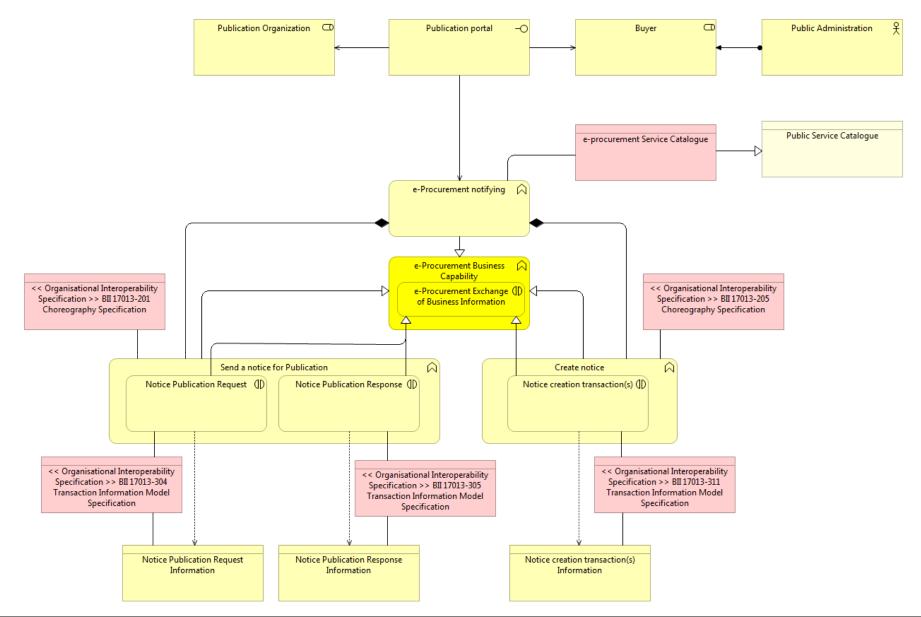
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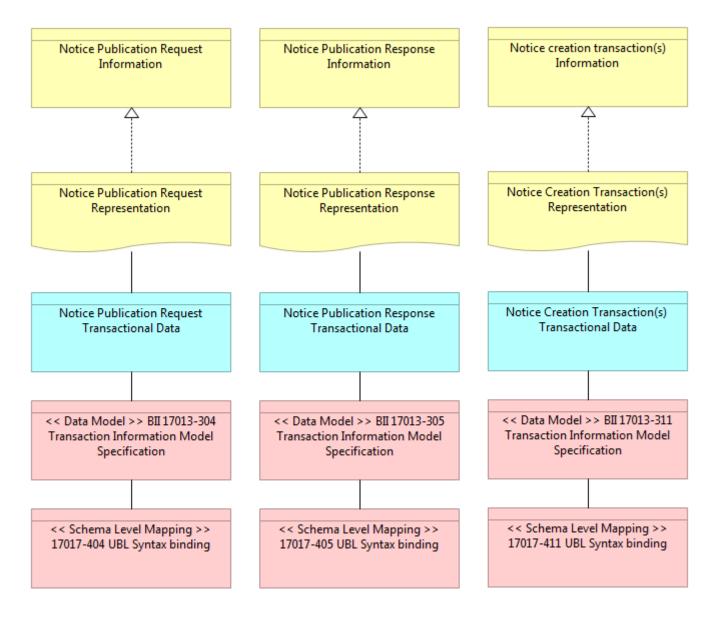
## 6 **APPENDIX:** LEGAL VIEW

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Legal View in comparison with the e-Procurement core Legal View provided in the e-Procurement SAT.

## 7 APPENDIX: ORGANISATIONAL VIEW



## 8 APPENDIX: SEMANTIC VIEW



## **9 APPENDIX: TECHNICAL VIEW – APPLICATION**

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Application in comparison with the e-Procurement core Technical View – Application provided in the e-Procurement SAT.

## **10 APPENDIX: TECHNICAL VIEW – INFRASTRUCTURE**

There is no supplementary building block in this specific e-Procurement notifying Technical View – Infrastructure in comparison with the e-Procurement core Technical View – Infrastructure provided in the e-Procurement SAT.